

**2024 Q2 MOBILE MONITORING VAN  
COMMERCE CITY NORTH DENVER  
COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING NETWORK  
COMMERCE CITY, COLORADO**

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Document Number: **317AA-022561-RT-478**

Report Period: **2nd Quarter, 2024**

Submittal Date: **September 19, 2024**



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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, Suncor voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air quality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time monitoring for the following analytes<sup>1</sup>: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), nitric oxide or nitrogen oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>) and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from Summa canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect the presence of specific VOCs and hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S). This report details approach number three, the periodic real-time air monitoring through six neighborhoods with the mobile monitoring van and a screening health risk analysis of the detected chemicals. Continuous real-time air monitoring and Summa canister sampling data are presented in separate reports.

The mobile monitoring van contains the equipment necessary to identify and quantitate individual chemicals present in ambient air at ultra-low concentrations. This equipment measures and reports concentrations of select chemicals at sub-parts per billion (ppb) levels and as quickly as one measurement per second. During the monitoring period, the mobile monitoring van followed a dense route through each of the six CCND residential neighborhoods that fall within a three-mile radius around the refinery. Accessible streets in the monitored neighborhoods were traversed at approximately 10 miles per hour (mph) while collecting a data point for each chemical every 1 second. During the second quarter 2024 sampling period (May 20 – May 23), the mobile monitoring van was in a total of six neighborhoods and collected more than 58,314 data points across four days of monitoring, resulting in approximately 37,152 1-hour rolling average concentrations. Meteorological conditions were also reported in real time.

Health scientists from CTEH, LLC (CTEH®) (a subsidiary company of Montrose) performed a screening-level human health risk assessment based on the data collected by Montrose. This evaluation was consistent with federal and state risk assessment guidelines and was conducted to determine whether the estimated 1-hour maximum measured concentrations of individual or cumulative (combined) VOCs could potentially pose acute (short-term) health hazards. The air monitoring data and health risk assessment indicate:

- Air monitoring data and health risk assessment indicate all measured individual and combined air concentrations were below their respective acute health reference levels in all neighborhoods.
- Results indicate the measured concentrations are likely to be without any appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

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<sup>1</sup> An “analyte” is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material.

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air quality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time stationary monitoring for the following analytes: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), nitric oxide or nitrogen oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>) and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from Summa canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect the presence of specific chemicals. An “analyte” is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material. This report details approach number three. The continuous real-time community air monitoring and Summa canister sampling data are presented in separate reports. Air monitoring, sampling and analysis from approaches (1) and (2) were conducted in accordance with the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) that can be found online at [ccnd-air.com/documents](http://ccnd-air.com/documents).

## 2.0 MOBILE SAMPLING PROGRAM

### 2.1 Mobile Van Air Sampling Description

The mobile monitoring van is a Mercedes 2500 Sprinter Van outfitted with equipment necessary to identify and quantitate individual chemicals present in ambient air to ultra-low concentrations. The mobile monitoring van is equipped with an Ionicon Model 6000-X2 proton transfer reaction time-of-flight mass spectrometer (PTR-TOF-MS). This instrument provides concentrations of select chemicals at sub-parts per billion (ppb) levels and as quickly as one measurement per second. The mobile monitoring van is outfitted with an external sampling system, which transports ambient air from outside of the van into the PTR-TOF-MS sample inlet for immediate real-time analysis. The entire sampling system is comprised of Teflon or Teflon-coated materials, which ensures the lowest amount of sample loss due to surface absorption of chemical molecules. The mobile monitoring van incorporates a high-precision global positioning system (GPS), a sonic anemometer to measure wind direction and wind velocity and other incorporated meteorological (MET) sensors.

During the mobile monitoring program, groups of structurally similar chemicals (called isomers) that include the list of 65 chemicals in Table 2-1 were measured to determine the instantaneous ambient concentrations. Appendix A provides more detail on the need for isomer grouping. This list of chemicals was compiled based on the typical chemicals that are monitored in urban and industrial areas and the mobile monitoring van analysis capabilities.

The mobile monitoring van followed a driving route through each of the six CCND residential neighborhoods that fall within a three-mile radius around the refinery operations. Accessible streets in the neighborhoods were traversed at approximately 10 MPH while collecting a data point approximately every 1 second. The details of the monitored neighborhoods are listed in Table 2-2 and are shown in Figure 2-1.

**TABLE 2-1  
MOBILE MONITORING VAN PROGRAM CHEMICALS<sup>2</sup>**

o-Diethylbenzene	2-Methylhexane	Neopentane	Methyl-cyclopentane	o-Ethyltoluene (2-ethyltoluene)
1,3-Butadiene	2-Methylpentane	Ethylbenzene	m-Ethyltoluene	p-Diethylbenzene (1,4-diethylbenzene)
1-Butene	3-Methylheptane	Ethylcyclohexane	m/o/p-Xylenes	p-Ethyltoluene (4-ethyltoluene)
1-Hexene	3-Methylhexane	Ethylene	n-Butane	1,2,4- trimethylbenzene
1-Pentene	3-Methylpentane	Hydrogen Cyanide	n-Decane	Propylene (Propene)
Styrene	Acetylene	Hydrogen Sulfide	n-Dodecane	2,2,4- Trimethylpentane
2,2-Dimethylbutane	Benzene	i-Butane	n-Heptane	Tetrachloroethylene
Toluene	Carbon disulfide	i-Pentane	n-Hexane	2,3,4- Trimethylpentane
2,3-Dimethylbutane	trans-2-Butene	Isopentane	n-Nonane	trans-1,2- Dimethylcyclohexane
2,3-Dimethylpentane	cis-2-Butene	Isoprene	n-Octane	trans-1,3- Dimethylcyclohexane
2,4-Dimethylpentane	cis-2-Pentene	m-Diethylbenzene	n-Pentane	cis-1,3- dimethylcyclohexane
2-Methyl-2-butene	Cumene	Methanol	n-Propylbenzene	trans-2-Pentene
2-Methylheptane	Cyclohexane	Methyl-cyclohexane	n-Undecane	Cyclopentane

<sup>2</sup> See Appendix A for isomer analysis details

**TABLE 2-2  
NEIGHBORHOOD MONITORING PROGRAM DETAILS**

Neighborhood	Area (square miles)	Sampling Date	Start Time	End Time	Total Data Points Collected	Total Hourly Rolling Averages Calculated*
Adams City	0.41	5/22/2024	12:31	15:03	9,071	5,544
Dupont	1.4	5/21/2024	10:54	13:54	10,769	7,242
Elyria-Swansea	1.2	5/23/2024	12:31	14:45	8,060	4,533
Globeville	0.44	5/23/2024	09:53	12:13	8,402	4,875
Pioneer Park	1.7	5/20/2024	10:43	13:47	11,013	7,486
Western Hills	1.6	5/22/2024	09:13	12:16	10,999	7,472

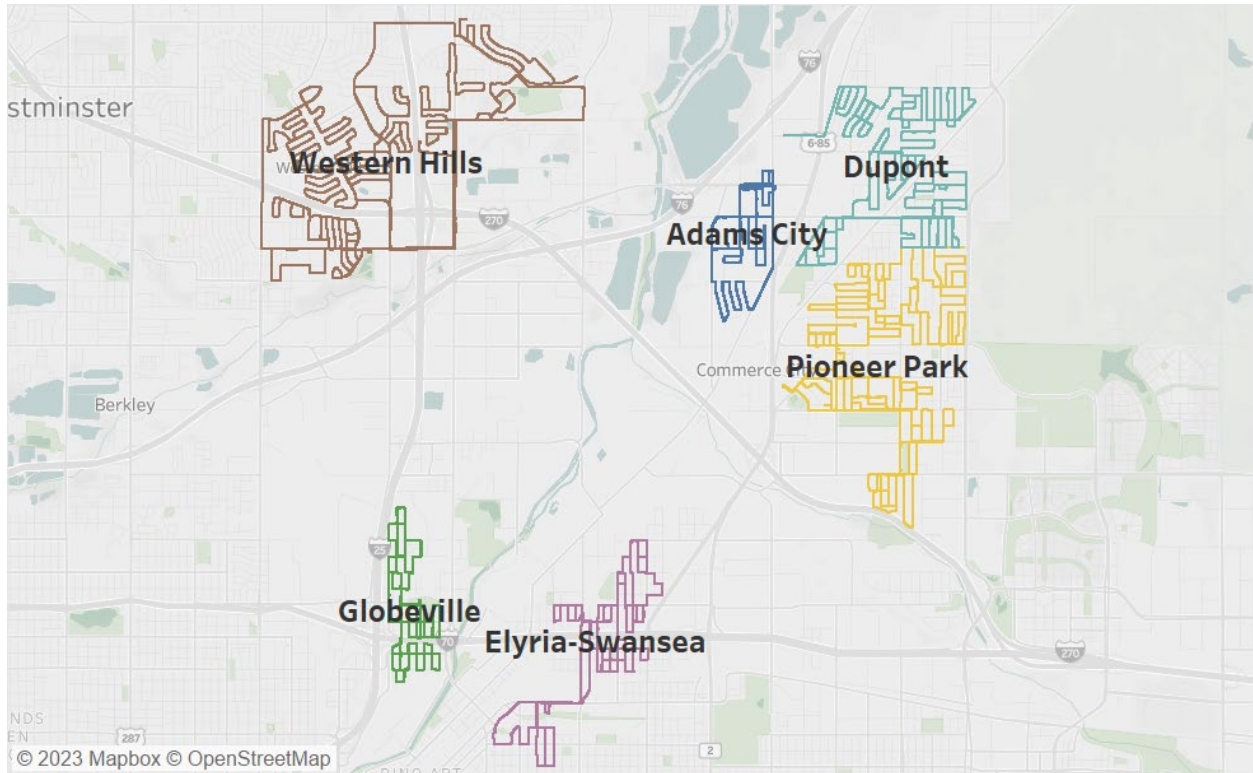
\*Data completeness threshold set at 98%

## 2.2 Mobile Monitoring Van Air Sampling Methods

The PTR-TOF-MS calibration was checked, and the instrument was zeroed each day prior to collection of any ambient air data. The instrument was calibrated using United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) protocol certified calibration gases. The multi-chemical cylinder standards were used to generate multiple point calibration curves for each commercially available chemical present in the standard. Not all chemicals listed in Table 2-1 are available as certified calibration gases. The chemical dilutions were made using an Environics Model 4040 gas dilution system. The gas dilution system was validated using the appropriate USEPA methodology (40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 51 Appendix M, Method 205). Zero-count measurements were obtained to ensure proper baseline measurements were incorporated into the calculation of each chemical's concentration. Zero-count measurements were performed through the entire sampling system using ultra-high purity air. Post-testing calibration checks were performed on the instrument to ensure there was no significant drift during the course of the sampling event. Drift can cause an increase or decrease in the measured chemical concentrations, which can lead to both positive and negative biasing of the obtained results.

The mobile monitoring van collected continuous measurements throughout each neighborhood following the routes shown in Figure 2-1. The measurements were collected from the ambient environment at a height of 15 feet above grade at approximately 8 liters per minute using a Teflon-coated sampling boom and pump. The PTR-TOF-MS sampled a slip stream of this flow at approximately 100 ml/min. The sample was introduced into the reaction tube of the PTR-TOF-MS and results were collected in 1-second intervals. See the attached Appendix D for specific PTR-TOF-MS instrument operation conditions.

**FIGURE 2-1**  
**MOBILE MONITORING VAN PROGRAM ROUTE THROUGH SIX NEIGHBORHOOD AREAS**



### 2.3 Screening Health Risk Assessment Methods

CTEH<sup>®</sup> conducted a screening-level public health risk assessment, consistent with federal risk assessment guidelines, to determine whether exposure to the detected concentrations of individual or cumulative (combined) chemicals in the air could potentially pose acute (short-term) health impacts. A tiered approach to the risk assessment was used. This approach involves one or more iterative steps (or tiers) being performed in which health risks are calculated and evaluated multiple times. In most cases, risk assessors cannot know exactly the level of chemical exposure experienced by individuals or communities. Therefore, the first tier involves use of exposure assumptions that are health-conservative. This means that data reflecting maximum exposure potential are plugged into the risk calculations. These are worst-case scenarios that typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. Such calculations are very simple and assume a person is constantly exposed to the highest one hour rolling average concentration for each detected chemical. If the resulting risk values indicate the lack of likely acute adverse health effects under these worst-case conditions, then the risk assessment is complete. However, if the risk values suggest a potential for acute adverse health effects, then a second tier of risk calculations are performed, but this time using more detailed assumptions about exposure that are still simple representations of the real world but are more realistic than the first-tier worst-case assumptions. Each successive tier represents a more complete characterization of exposure variability and/or uncertainty that requires a corresponding increase in calculation complexity and scientific level of effort.

The first tier of this risk assessment process is called a screening-level risk assessment. The conservative assumptions used for this level of risk calculation typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. As such, an exceedance of an acceptable risk level (defined below) does not necessarily indicate that adverse health effects are likely. The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) states, “*when health assessors find exposures higher than the MRLs (ATSDR’s specific health-based reference levels), it means that they may want to look more closely at a site*”<sup>3</sup>. In other words, screening-level findings of an estimated exposure to a specific or cumulative set of chemical(s) being higher than its reference level (RL) does NOT indicate an actual likelihood of adverse effects but does indicate a need to move to a second tier of analysis and refine the risk assessment process with more realistic detail to determine if an actual risk exists that needs to be mitigated.

The screening-level risk assessment reported here includes calculated acute risks from exposure to individually measured chemicals as well as exposure to all measured chemicals at once (cumulative). For individual chemicals, an acute health risk value was calculated as the exposure concentration (EC) divided by the chemical-specific federal or state established acute RL (Equation 1). The result is referred to as the hazard quotient (HQ). Estimates of EC were derived from 1-hour rolling average concentrations of each chemical for the entire measurement time in an individual CCND neighborhood. The RLs used to calculate the HQs are previously established exposure levels below which no adverse effect in humans is expected. If available, RLs adopted by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) were selected for use within this assessment and include ATSDR acute minimum risk levels (MRL), California EPA Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) acute risk levels and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) acute exposure guideline levels. If the chemical was not listed by CDPHE, a federal and state recommended hierarchy for selection of RLs was used<sup>4</sup>. For chemical isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated the lowest, most health-protective RL of the isomer group was selected for use in this assessment.

Acute HQs were calculated as follows:

#### Eq. 1 – Hazard Quotient (HQ) Equation

$$HQ = EC/RL$$

Where:

*HQ = Hazard Quotient*

*EC = Maximum 1-hour rolling average air concentration*

*RL = Acute Health-based Reference Level (ATSDR, Cal EPA OEHHA and TCEQ)*

Health risks from potential cumulative exposures to all detected chemicals were calculated by adding together each individual chemical’s HQ calculated for a given neighborhood. The sum of all the individual HQs is called a Hazard Index (HI). Adding together all the HQs is also a very health-conservative approach because it assumes that all the measured chemicals exert an adverse effect on the body in a similar manner, which is rarely the case.

<sup>3</sup>[https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/minimalrisklevels/#:~:text=The%20ATSDR%2C%20in%20response%20to,minimal%20risk%20levels%20\(MRLs\)](https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/minimalrisklevels/#:~:text=The%20ATSDR%2C%20in%20response%20to,minimal%20risk%20levels%20(MRLs))

<sup>4</sup> <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1P2KEvu0MFiyzQAOQtiQUclqR-WGh1bEX/view>



An HQ or HI of less than or equal to one is an indication that the estimated exposure is likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations<sup>5</sup>. The potential for adverse health effects increases as HQ or HI increase above one, but it is not known by how much. HQ or HI values of greater than one would prompt a second-tier risk assessment beyond the screening-level assessment.

According to the USEPA and ATSDR, the federal agencies that establish these RLs, these values “are set below levels that, based on current information, might cause adverse health effects in the people most sensitive.”<sup>6</sup> This is because RLs are based on observed toxicity in human or animal studies with an added safety factor to account for uncertainties and variabilities in the toxicity data. For example, ATSDR identified the lowest observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) for acute exposure to benzene as 10,200 parts per billion (ppb), based on a study of mice exposed six hours per day for six days. ATSDR then applied a combined safety factor of 300 to derive the final RL to account for several uncertainties, including differences between mice and humans and for sensitive individuals. Therefore, it is scientifically incorrect to assume that all real-world exposures to a chemical at levels higher than a RL will likely result in an adverse effect.

Using the maximum 1-hour rolling average for the EC conservatively assumes that a hypothetical maximally exposed individual occupies the monitored neighborhood and breathes the maximum 1-hour detected concentration continuously for an hour up to multiple days (an acute exposure). A 1-hour average concentration is more appropriate than a 1-second or 1-minute concentration for use in an acute health risk assessment. This is because 1-second exposures to the chemicals measured in this study do not cause adverse effects unless the levels are extremely high (i.e., tens of thousands to millions of ppb). Guidance values for use in emergency situations with extremely elevated levels of these chemicals are available and are discussed below. Across all neighborhoods, 37,152 1-hour rolling averages of chemical concentrations were calculated to derive the estimated ECs (Table 2-2). The range between the average and maximum rolling 1-hour average values provides a robust estimate of plausible outdoor exposures of persons occupying the monitored neighborhood while the mobile monitoring van was present (Figures 3-1 to 3-6).

The USEPA also has established values for use in emergency situations, termed Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGs). Unlike RLs that can be thousands of times below exposure levels where adverse effects are observed, AEGs values are levels at which different acute adverse health effects may be anticipated to occur. According to USEPA, “*AEG-1 represent exposure levels that could produce mild and progressively increasing but transient and non-disabling odor, taste and sensory irritation or certain asymptomatic, non-sensory effects. With increasing airborne concentration above each AEG, there is a progressive increase in the likelihood of occurrence and the severity of effects described for each corresponding AEG [i.e., AEG-2 or AEG-3].*”<sup>7</sup> The AEG-1 60-minute value, if available for the applicable chemical, was also used for comparison purposes because it is more precautionary (than AEG-2 or AEG-3) as the AEG-1 level reflects protecting against acute health effects that are reversible upon cessation of exposure.

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<sup>5</sup> USEPA. 2004. Air Toxics Risk Assessment Reference Library. Volume 1. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards Research Triangle Park, NC. EPA-453-K-04-001A

<sup>6</sup> <https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/mrls/index.html#:~:text=ATSDR%20uses%20the%20no%20observed,to%20such%20substance%2Dinduced%20effects.>

<sup>7</sup> <https://www.epa.gov/aegl/about-acute-exposure-guideline-levels-aegls>

### 3.0 SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

#### 3.1 Summary of Mobile Monitoring Van Results

A summary of mobile monitoring van results by neighborhood can be found in Table 2-2. Over four days, six neighborhoods were monitored for 65 chemicals, collecting more than 58,314 total data points. Individual neighborhood results are detailed in Figures 3-1 through 3-6. Each figure shows a map of the monitoring locations within each neighborhood, the chemicals that resulted in the five highest calculated acute HQs and time profiles of the measured levels of these chemicals. The time profiles show all the 1-second data (orange) and calculated 1-hour rolling averages (green) of the monitoring data. Each green 1-hour average data point shown in these profiles reflects all the 1-second measurements collected over the previous hour. Thus, 1-hour rolling average values are shown on the time profiles only after one hour of data collection (Figure 3-1 through 3-6).

Wind roses for each sampling day are provided in Appendix B. The data used to derive the wind roses were collected from the CCND community sensor location most local to the neighborhood being monitored on each day because the stationary source of MET data is more reliable than the MET station on the mobile monitoring van when the lab is moving.

#### 3.2 Screening Health Risk Assessment Results

Acute health risks were calculated for each neighborhood. According to USEPA guidelines, an acute HQ or HI less than or equal to one (1) indicates that exposures are likely to be without any acute adverse health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

Maximum 1-hour rolling average concentrations for 65 chemicals measured in each neighborhood were compared to acute RLs to derive HQs. Figures 3-1 through 3-6 show concentrations of chemicals over the sampling time and summaries of results for chemicals resulting in the five highest HQs by neighborhood (if available). The estimated HI values (if available) shown in Figures 3-1 through 3-6 were calculated by summing the HQs of all detected chemicals measured in a given neighborhood. If any measured chemical resulted in a HQ greater than 1, then a separate figure would be shown for that chemical alone. Complete results for HQs for all chemicals detected in each neighborhood are available in Appendix C.

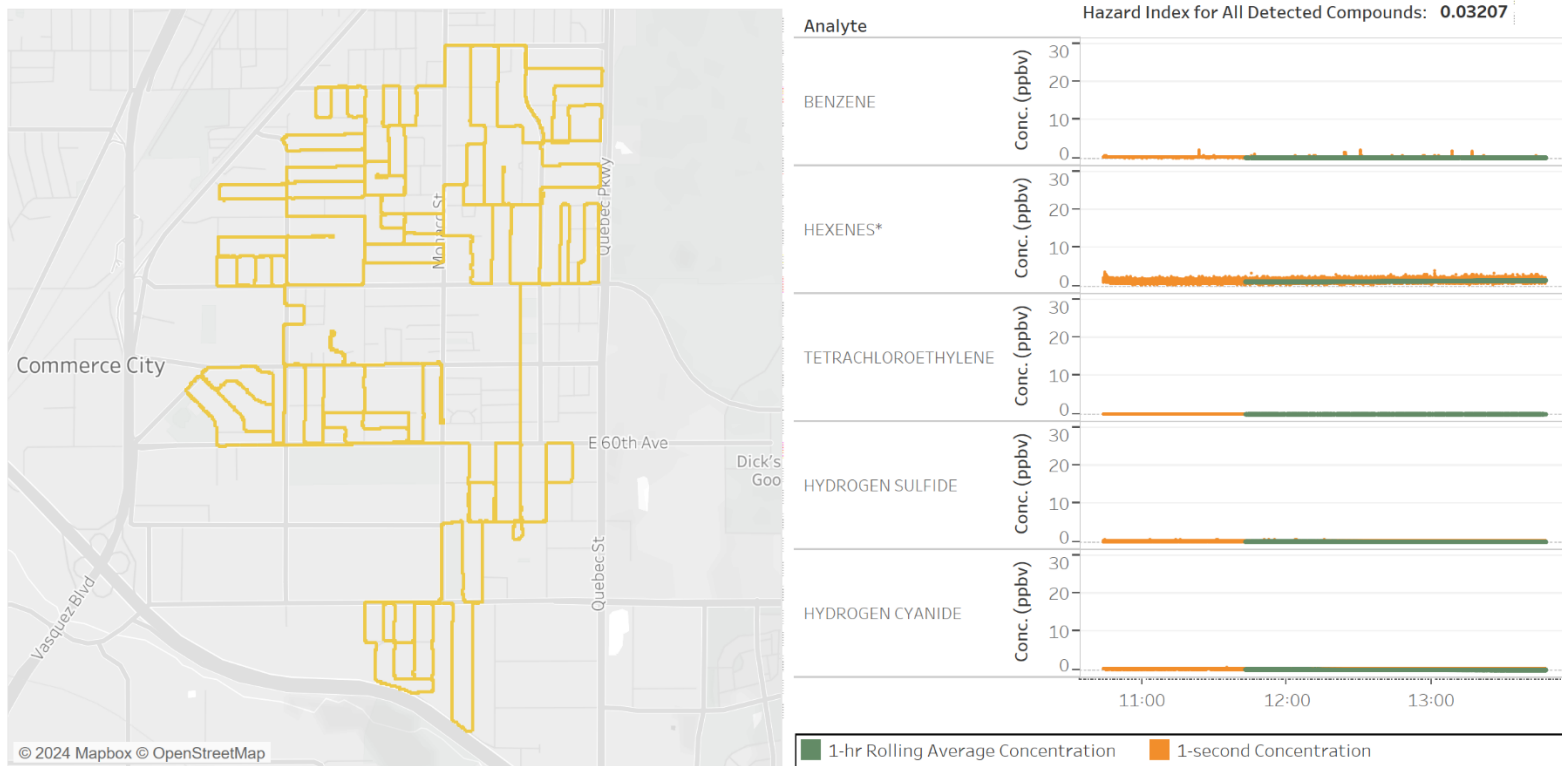
In conclusion, the data collected during this study phase did not indicate a potential for acute adverse health effects from exposure to the measured chemicals, both individually and combined.

- All HQs were less than one for all detected chemicals, indicating that the maximum 1-hour rolling average concentration for each chemical was below its respective acute RL in all six neighborhoods (Figure 3-1 through 3-6).
- In this quarter, benzene, tetrachloroethylene, hydrogen sulfide, hexene group, hydrogen cyanide, and trimethylbenzene group were the chemicals or isomer groupings resulting in the highest HQ in each neighborhood, accounting for over 80% of the total calculated HI values. However, all HI values calculated in all six neighborhoods were below one (Figures 3-1 through 3-6).

- These results indicate that the measured concentrations of chemicals, both individually and cumulative (combined), are likely to be without an appreciable risk of acute adverse health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

**FIGURE 3-1  
PIONEER PARK NEIGHBORHOOD: MAY 20, 2024**

Analyte	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value (ppbv)	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Hazard Quotient
BENZENE	2.14	7,486	0.18	0.19	52,000	9	0.02151
HEXENES*	3.98	7,486	1.37	1.59	NR	500	0.00317
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.05	7,486	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	0.00215
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	0.55	7,486	0.12	0.14	510	70	0.00205
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	0.47	7,486	0.10	0.16	2,000	308	0.00053



The top 5 hazard quotients are reported in this dashboard. The hazard index represents cumulative risks including all unlisted analytes. The hazard quotient was calculated by comparing the acute health reference level to the maximum 1-hour rolling average. The comparative AEGL value is shown for comparison purposes. NR = According to EPA, the AEGL value is "not recommended due to insufficient data". \*For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the group was selected for use in this assessment (Appendix A).

**FIGURE 3-2  
DUPONT NEIGHBORHOOD: MAY 21, 2024**

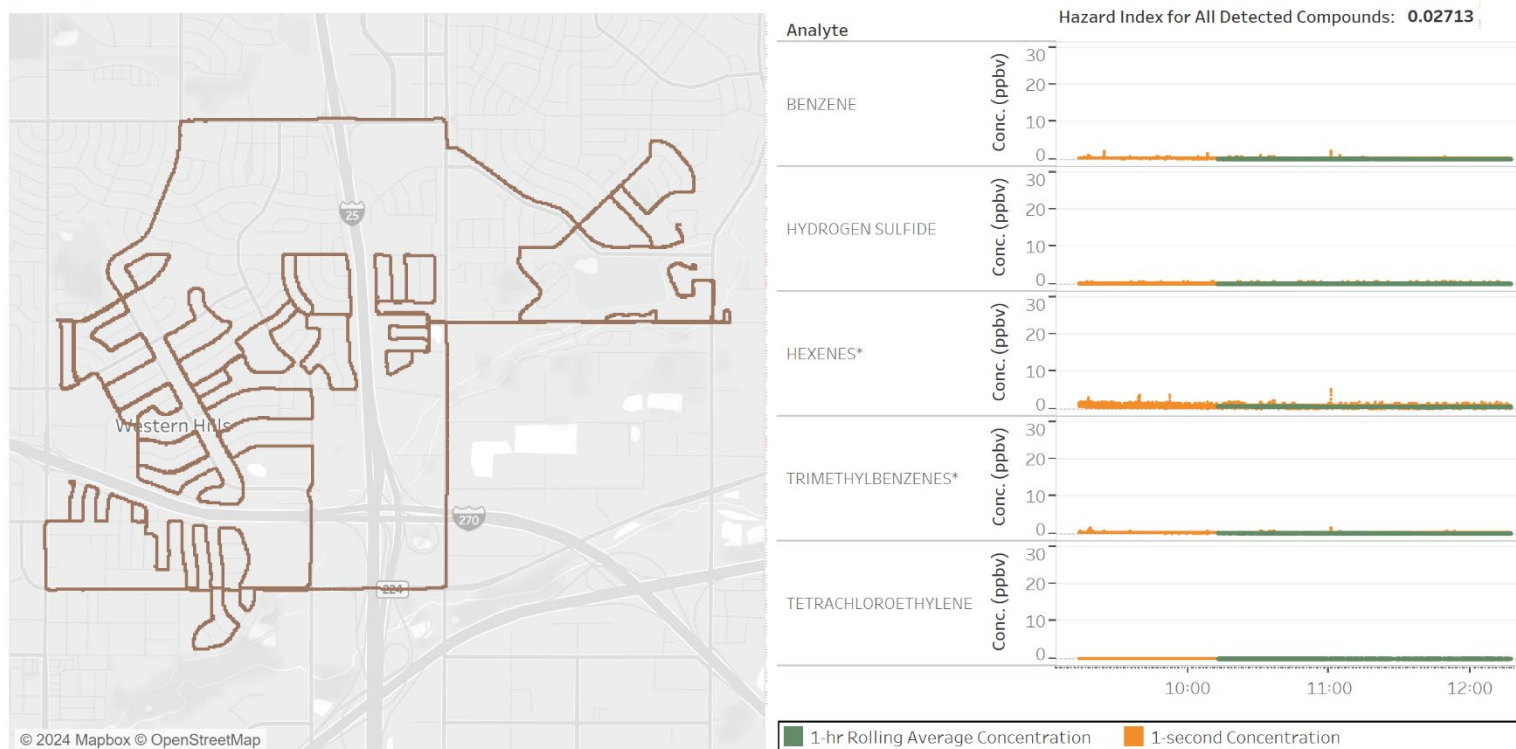
Analyte	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value (ppbv)	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Hazard Quotient
BENZENE	4.94	7,242	0.14	0.19	52,000	9	0.02088
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	3.91	7,242	0.14	0.16	510	70	0.00225
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.04	7,242	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	0.00176
HEXENES*	3.18	7,242	0.60	0.75	NR	500	0.00149
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	2.61	7,242	0.18	0.24	NR	250	0.00095



The top 5 hazard quotients are reported in this dashboard. The hazard index represents cumulative risks including all unlisted analytes. The hazard quotient was calculated by comparing the acute health reference level to the maximum 1-hour rolling average. The comparative AEGL value is shown for comparison purposes. NR = According to EPA, the AEGL value is "not recommended due to insufficient data". \*For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the group was selected for use in this assessment (Appendix A).

**FIGURE 3-3  
WESTERN HILLS NEIGHBORHOOD: MAY 22, 2024**

Analyte	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value (ppbv)	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Hazard Quotient
BENZENE	2.33	7,472	0.14	0.18	52,000	9	0.01949
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	0.65	7,472	0.14	0.15	510	70	0.00211
HEXENES*	5.11	7,472	0.63	0.80	NR	500	0.00161
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	1.55	7,472	0.14	0.21	NR	250	0.00084
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.03	7,472	0.00	0.00	35,000	6	0.00083

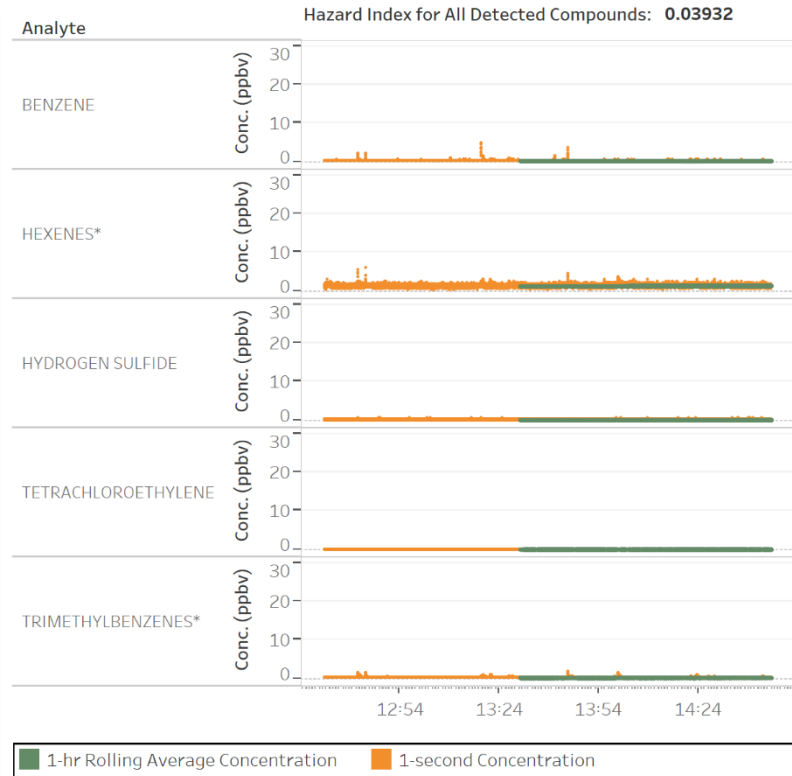
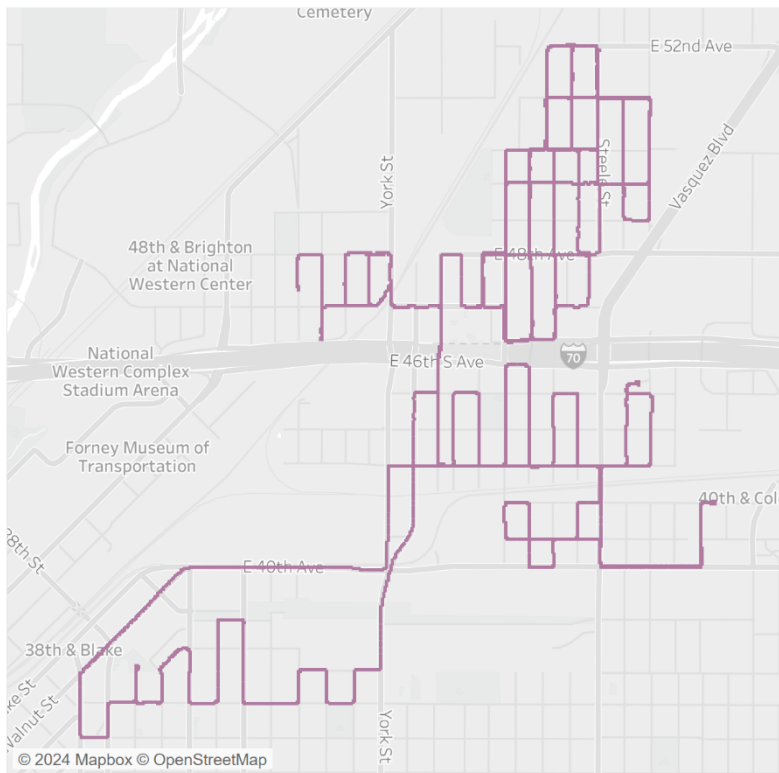


The top 5 hazard quotients are reported in this dashboard. The hazard index represents cumulative risks including all unlisted analytes. The hazard quotient was calculated by comparing the acute health reference level to the maximum 1-hour rolling average. The comparative AEGL value is shown for comparison purposes. NR = According to EPA, the AEGL value is "not recommended due to insufficient data". \*For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the group was selected for use in this assessment (Appendix A).



**FIGURE 3-5**  
**ELYRIA-SWANSEA NEIGHBORHOOD: MAY 23, 2024**

Analyte	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value (ppbv)	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Hazard Quotient
BENZENE	4.85	4,533	0.26	0.26	52,000	9	0.02919
HEXENES*	5.97	4,533	1.34	1.41	NR	500	0.00283
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	0.61	4,533	0.13	0.13	510	70	0.00185
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.05	4,533	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	0.00139
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	1.88	4,533	0.22	0.24	NR	250	0.00096

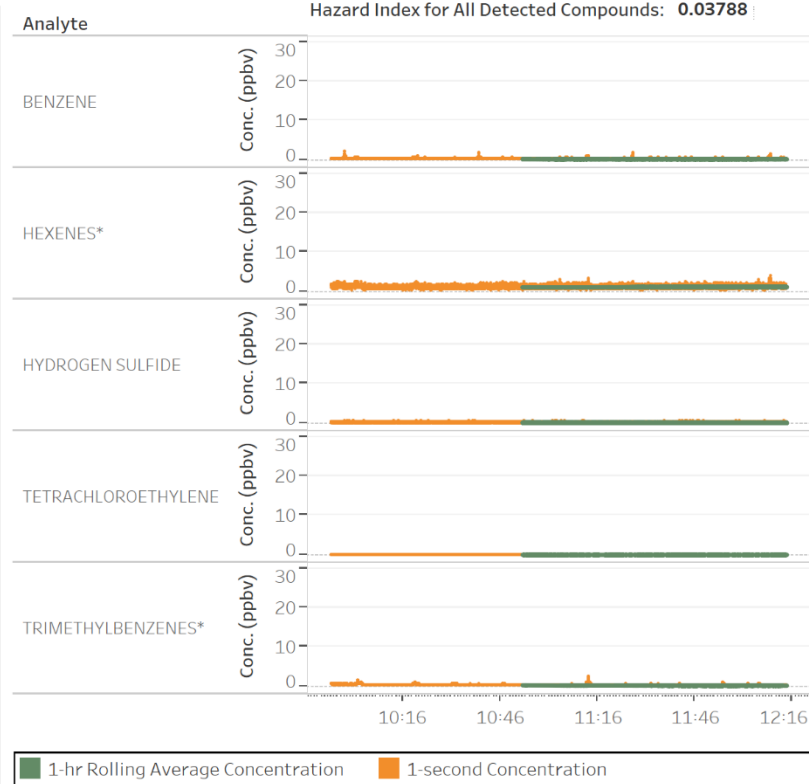
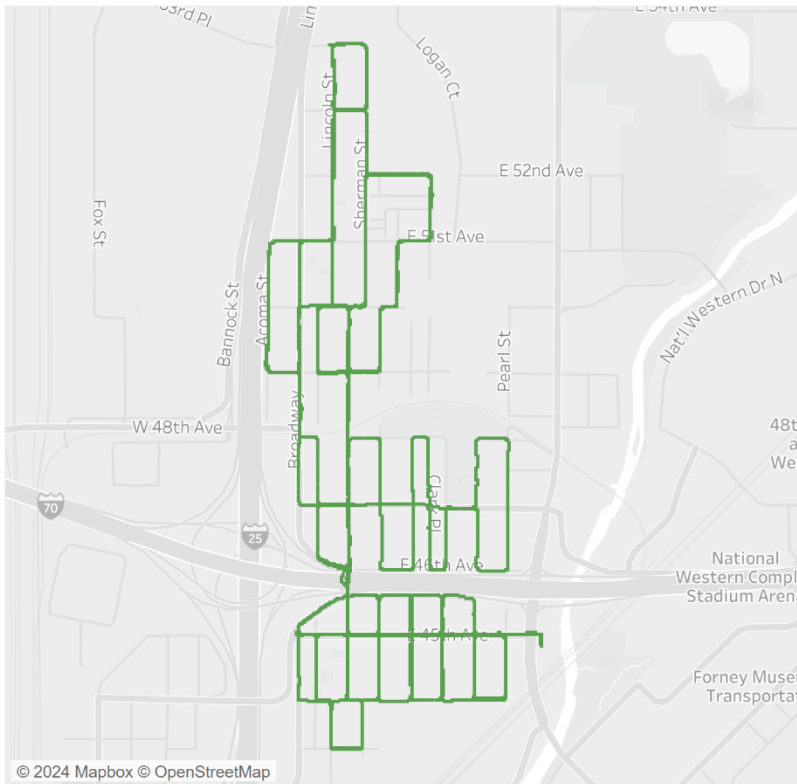


The top 5 hazard quotients are reported in this dashboard. The hazard index represents cumulative risks including all unlisted analytes. The hazard quotient was calculated by comparing the acute health reference level to the maximum 1-hour rolling average. The comparative AEGL value is shown for comparison purposes. NR = According to EPA, the AEGL value is "not recommended due to insufficient data". \*For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the group was selected for use in this assessment (Appendix A).



**FIGURE 3-6**  
**GLOBEVILLE NEIGHBORHOOD: MAY 23, 2024**

Analyte	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value (ppbv)	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Hazard Quotient
BENZENE	2.05	4,875	0.23	0.25	52,000	9	0.02771
HEXENES*	4.04	4,875	1.15	1.20	NR	500	0.00239
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	0.61	4,875	0.14	0.15	510	70	0.00210
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.04	4,875	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	0.00148
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	2.42	4,875	0.24	0.30	NR	250	0.00120



The top 5 hazard quotients are reported in this dashboard. The hazard index represents cumulative risks including all unlisted analytes. The hazard quotient was calculated by comparing the acute health reference level to the maximum 1-hour rolling average. The comparative AEGL value is shown for comparison purposes. NR = According to EPA, the AEGL value is "not recommended due to insufficient data". \*For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the group was selected for use in this assessment (Appendix A).

### 3.3 Uncertainty Evaluation

Scientific uncertainty is inherent in each step of the risk assessment process because all risk assessments incorporate a variety of assumptions and professional judgments. Therefore, the acute hazard estimates presented in this assessment are estimates of risk due to a number of assumptions about exposure and toxicity. This screening-level risk assessment relied on a combination of health-protective exposure scenarios and input values (i.e., high-end exposures and conservative selection of lowest reference value per isomer). Because of these assumptions, the estimates of acute hazards are themselves uncertain but likely to be over-estimates of actual risk.

This risk assessment did not address past or present health outcomes associated with current or past exposures. As such, this risk assessment cannot be used to make realistic predictions of biological effects and/or used to determine whether someone is ill (cancer or other adverse health effects) due to past or current exposures. This risk assessment was limited to inhalation exposures from outdoor exposures to all potential sources.

### 3.4 Program Changes

The PTR mass spectrometer experienced technical difficulties on Monday, November 6 2023. The PTR was fixed and testing began on Tuesday, November 7 2023.

Respectfully Submitted:



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Steven Yuchs, PhD.  
Vice President, Technical  
Ambient & Emerging Technology  
Montrose Air Quality Services



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Michael Lumpkin, PhD, DABT  
Senior Toxicologist  
CTEH®, LLC

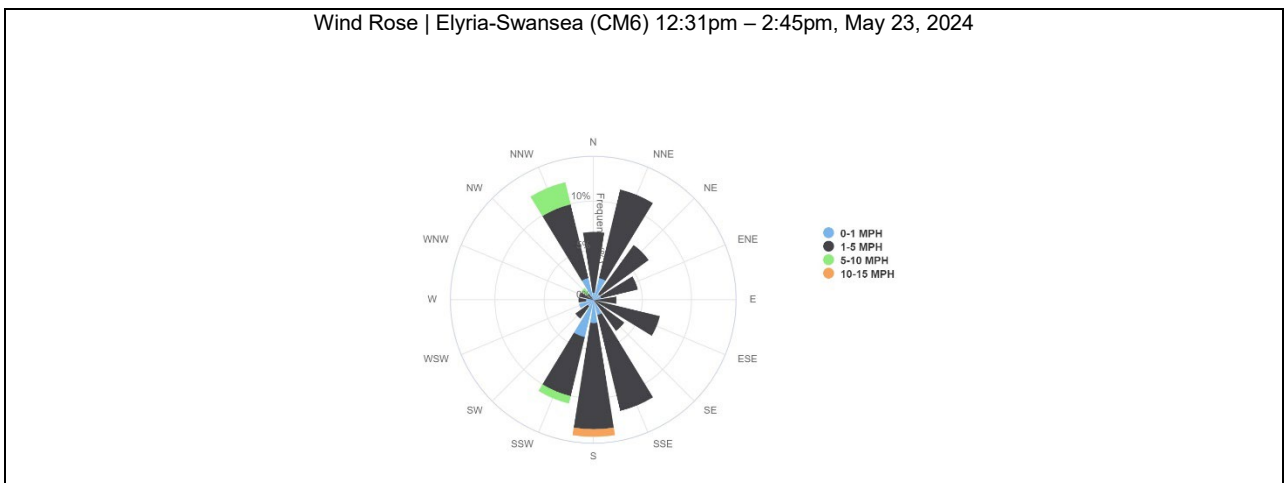
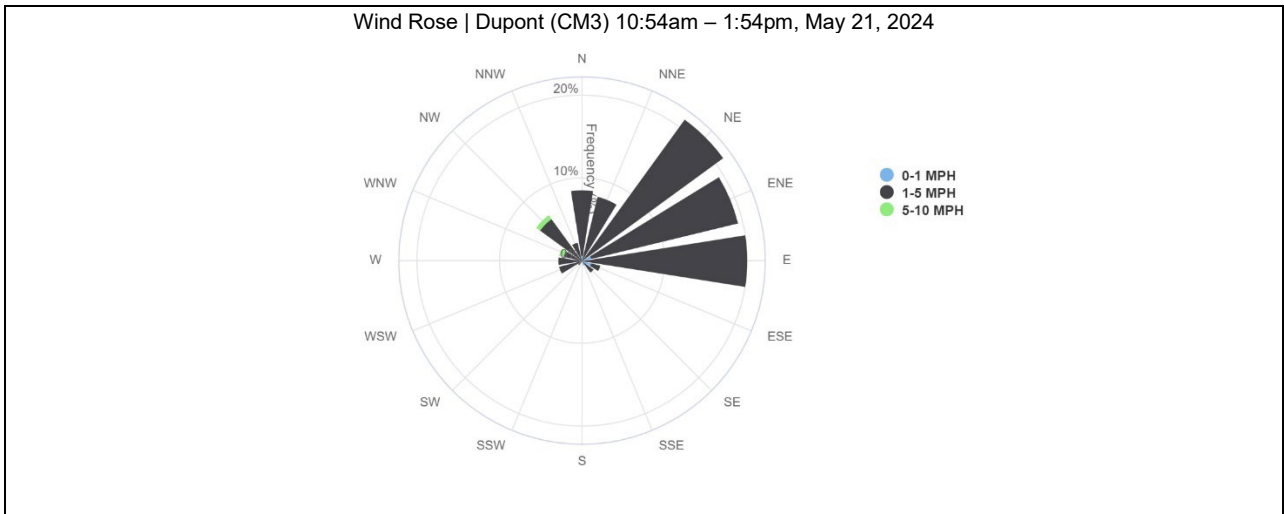
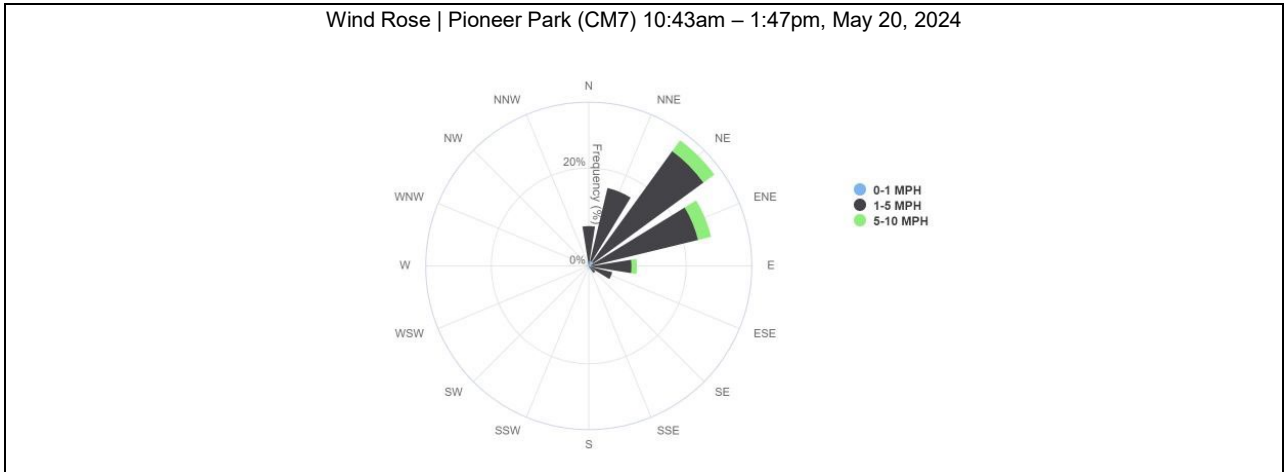
## **APPENDIX A ISOMER CHEMICAL SAMPLING DETAILS**

In a real-time PTR-TOF analysis, it is not possible to speciate isomers, or chemical compounds that have the same molecular weight. For example, n-hexane, 2-methyl pentane and 2,2-dimethyl butane all have a molecular mass of 86.178 g/mol. In order to provide the most conservative determination of concentration during this mapping program, each isomer's concentration is reported as the sum of all isomers with the same molecular weight. For the sake of simplicity, the calculations in the report refer to generic names for a group of specific isomers. The following table defines a simplified list of the many isomers that may comprise the generic groups reported.

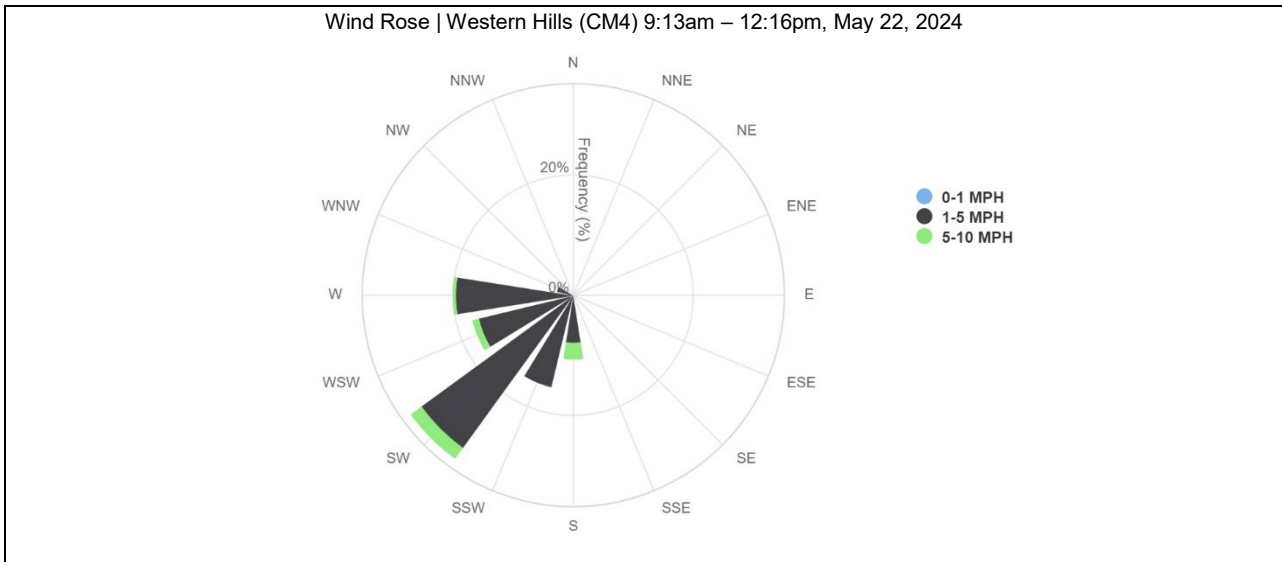
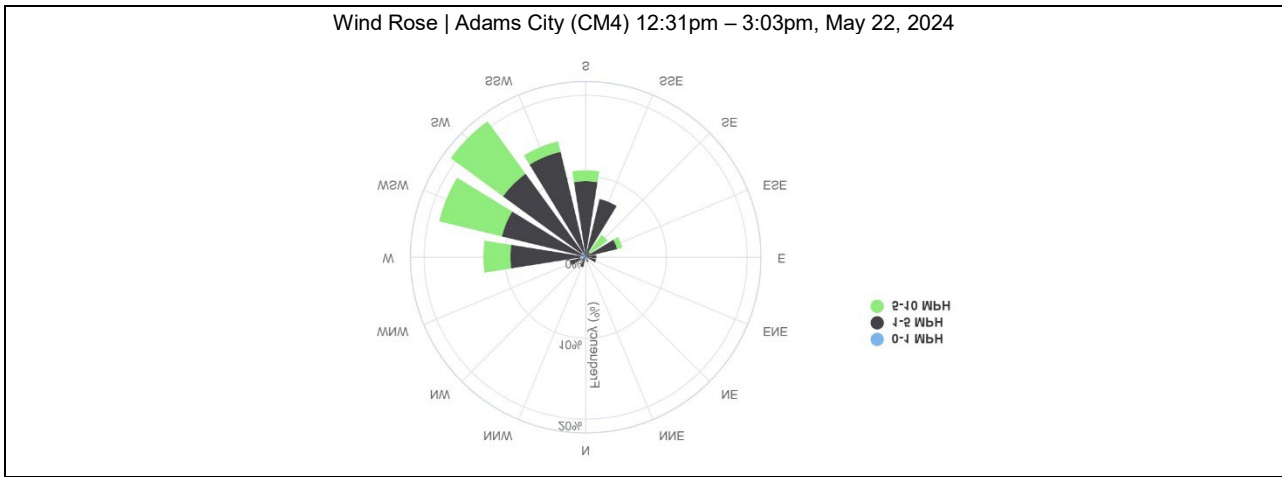
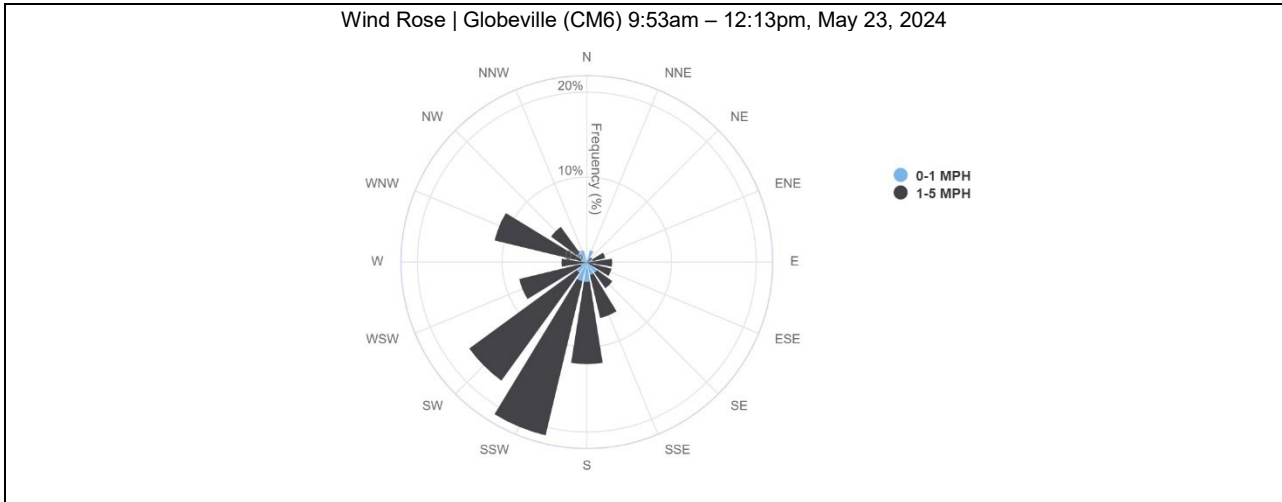
<b>Group Name</b>	<b>Specific Isomers</b>	<b>Group Name</b>	<b>Specific Isomers</b>
<b><i>Butenes</i></b>	1-Butene cis-2-Butene trans-2-Butene	<b><i>Xylenes</i></b>	Ethyl Benzene o-Xylene m-Xylene p-Xylene
<b><i>Butanes</i></b>	iso-Butane n-Butane	<b><i>Dimethylcyclohexanes</i></b>	Ethylcyclohexane cis-1,3-Dimethylcyclohexane trans-1,2-Dimethylcyclohexane trans-1,3-Dimethylcyclohexane
<b><i>Cyclopentanes</i></b>	Cyclopentane 1-Pentene 2-Methyl-2-butene cis-2-Pentene trans-2-Pentene	<b><i>Octanes</i></b>	n-Octane 2-Methylheptane 3-Methylheptane 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane
<b><i>Pentanes</i></b>	iso-Pentane n-Pentane neo-Pentane	<b><i>Trimethylbenzenes</i></b>	Cumene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene o-Ethyltoluene m-Ethyltoluene p-Ethyltoluene n-Propylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
<b><i>Hexenes</i></b>	1-Hexene Cyclohexane Methylcyclopentane	<b><i>Diethylbenzenes</i></b>	o-Diethylbenzene m-Diethylbenzene p-Diethylbenzene All other C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>14</sub> Isomers
<b><i>Hexanes</i></b>	n-Hexane 2-Methylpentane 3-Methylpentane 2,2-Dimethylbutane 2,3-Dimethylbutane		
<b><i>Heptanes</i></b>	n-Heptane 2-Methylhexane 3-Methylhexane 2,3-Dimethylpentane 2,4-Dimethylpentane		

## **APPENDIX B DAILY WIND ROSES**

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2



CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2



**APPENDIX C**  
**SCREENING RISK ASSESSMENT DETAILS**  
**(ALPHABETICAL ORDER BY NEIGHBORHOOD NAME)**





# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2

## Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment Adams City Neighborhood | May 22, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	9,071	0.15	5,544	0.00	0.00	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00002
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	9,071	2.29	5,544	0.15	0.16	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
BENZENE	71-43-2	9,071	1.83	5,544	0.14	0.15	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.01643
BUTANES*	75-28-5	9,071	21.89	5,544	2.56	2.75	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00008
BUTENES*	590-18-1	9,071	14.37	5,544	1.36	1.48	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00010
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	9,071	0.24	5,544	0.00	0.00	13,000	1,991	OFHHA Acute REL	0.00000
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	9,071	35.08	5,544	1.80	2.04	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00035
DECANES	124-18-5	9,071	0.08	5,544	0.03	0.03	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	9,071	0.16	5,544	0.07	0.08	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00017
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	9,071	0.10	5,544	0.02	0.02	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00001
DODECANES	112-40-3	9,071	0.01	5,544	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	9,071	8.83	5,544	5.94	5.96	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	9,071	0.19	5,544	0.05	0.05	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEXANES*	110-54-3	9,071	0.23	5,544	0.08	0.08	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
HEXENES*	592-41-6	9,071	8.10	5,544	0.77	0.84	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00167
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	9,071	1.58	5,544	0.11	0.13	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00043
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	9,071	4.12	5,544	0.12	0.14	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00197
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	9,071	1.01	5,544	0.18	0.19	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00014
METHANOL	67-56-1	9,071	192.45	5,544	4.51	5.32	530,000	21,366	OFHHA Acute REL	0.00025
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	9,071	1.02	5,544	0.07	0.07	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
NONANES	111-84-7	9,071	0.07	5,544	0.02	0.02	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
OCTANES*	111-65-9	9,071	0.30	5,544	0.05	0.05	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PENTANES*	109-66-0	9,071	0.94	5,544	0.51	0.51	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	9,071	8.38	5,544	0.40	0.46	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	9,071	0.28	5,544	0.06	0.06	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00001
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	9,071	0.08	5,544	0.00	0.01	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00086
TOLUENE	108-88-3	9,071	10.36	5,544	0.72	0.79	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00039
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	9,071	3.15	5,544	0.17	0.20	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00079
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	9,071	0.05	5,544	0.02	0.02	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	9,071	14.48	5,544	0.56	0.63	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00032
<b>Hazard Index</b>										<b>0.02414</b>

NR= According to EPA, AEGL is "not recommended due to insufficient data"  
 NA= Not Available  
 NC= Not Calculated

For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the isomer group was selected for use in this assessment (See Appendix A)

# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2

Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment  
Dupont Neighborhood | May 21, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	10,769	0.11	7,242	0.02	0.03	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00010
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	10,769	0.62	7,242	0.17	0.18	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
BENZENE	71-43-2	10,769	4.94	7,242	0.14	0.19	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.02088
BUTANES*	75-28-5	10,769	44.89	7,242	2.36	2.57	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00008
BUTENES*	590-18-1	10,769	15.90	7,242	1.36	1.87	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00012
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	10,769	0.04	7,242	0.00	0.00	13,000	1,991	OFHHA Acute RFI	0.00000
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	10,769	12.38	7,242	1.57	1.91	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00032
DECANES	124-18-5	10,769	0.09	7,242	0.03	0.04	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00004
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	10,769	0.25	7,242	0.08	0.10	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00023
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	10,769	0.08	7,242	0.03	0.03	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00001
DODECANES	112-40-3	10,769	0.01	7,242	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	10,769	6.34	7,242	4.80	4.82	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	10,769	0.30	7,242	0.07	0.09	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEXANES*	110-54-3	10,769	0.19	7,242	0.06	0.08	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEXENES*	592-41-6	10,769	3.18	7,242	0.60	0.75	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00149
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	10,769	0.59	7,242	0.15	0.17	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00054
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	10,769	3.91	7,242	0.14	0.16	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00225
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	10,769	0.65	7,242	0.07	0.10	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00007
METHANOL	67-56-1	10,769	53.38	7,242	4.21	5.55	530,000	21,366	OFHHA Acute RFI	0.00026
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	10,769	0.24	7,242	0.07	0.09	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
NONANES	111-84-2	10,769	0.06	7,242	0.01	0.02	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
OCTANES*	111-65-9	10,769	2.83	7,242	0.03	0.10	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
PENTANES*	109-66-0	10,769	0.22	7,242	0.01	0.01	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00000
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	10,769	6.78	7,242	0.25	0.29	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	10,769	0.23	7,242	0.01	0.02	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00000
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	10,769	0.04	7,242	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00176
TOLUENE	108-88-3	10,769	12.52	7,242	0.52	0.84	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00042
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	10,769	2.61	7,242	0.18	0.24	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00095
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	10,769	0.03	7,242	0.00	0.00	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00000
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	10,769	11.77	7,242	0.52	0.91	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00046
									<b>Hazard Index</b>	<b>0.03009</b>

NR= According to EPA, AEGL is "not recommended due to insufficient data"  
NA= Not Available  
NC= Not Calculated

For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the isomer group was selected for use in this assessment (See Appendix A)

# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2

## Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment Elyria-Swansea Neighborhood | May 23, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	8,060	0.07	4,533	0.01	0.01	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00004
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	8,060	0.66	4,533	0.23	0.24	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
BENZENE	71-43-2	8,060	4.85	4,533	0.26	0.26	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.02919
BUTANES*	75-28-5	8,060	15.45	4,533	3.60	3.80	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00012
BUTENES*	590-18-1	8,060	22.69	4,533	3.56	3.66	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00024
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	8,060	0.04	4,533	0.00	0.00	13,000	1,991	OFHHA Acute RFI	0.00000
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	8,060	24.85	4,533	2.33	2.45	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00042
DECANES	124-18-5	8,060	0.08	4,533	0.04	0.04	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00004
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	8,060	0.26	4,533	0.10	0.10	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00022
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	8,060	0.16	4,533	0.03	0.03	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00001
DODECANES	112-40-3	8,060	0.01	4,533	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	8,060	11.92	4,533	6.78	6.79	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	8,060	0.15	4,533	0.07	0.08	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEXANES*	110-54-3	8,060	0.20	4,533	0.11	0.11	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
HEXENES*	592-41-6	8,060	5.97	4,533	1.34	1.41	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00283
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	8,060	0.68	4,533	0.14	0.14	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00047
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	8,060	0.61	4,533	0.13	0.13	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00185
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	8,060	0.73	4,533	0.14	0.15	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00011
METHANOL	67-56-1	8,060	15.20	4,533	5.52	5.56	530,000	21,366	OFHHA Acute RFI	0.00026
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	8,060	0.20	4,533	0.08	0.08	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
NONANES	111-84-2	8,060	0.06	4,533	0.03	0.03	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
OCTANES*	111-65-9	8,060	0.24	4,533	0.05	0.06	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PENTANES*	109-66-0	8,060	0.12	4,533	0.02	0.02	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00000
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	8,060	11.13	4,533	0.85	0.90	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	8,060	0.25	4,533	0.08	0.08	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00002
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	8,060	0.05	4,533	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00139
TOLUENE	108-88-3	8,060	18.18	4,533	0.74	0.79	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00040
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	8,060	1.88	4,533	0.22	0.24	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00096
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	8,060	0.06	4,533	0.02	0.03	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00005
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	8,060	13.57	4,533	1.15	1.23	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00062
									<b>Hazard Index</b>	<b>0.03932</b>

NR= According to EPA, AEGL is "not recommended due to insufficient data"  
 NA= Not Available  
 NC= Not Calculated

For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the isomer group was selected for use in this assessment (See Appendix A)

# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2

Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment  
Globeville Neighborhood | May 23, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	8,402	0.07	4,875	0.01	0.01	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00004
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	8,402	0.75	4,875	0.24	0.24	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
BENZENE	71-43-2	8,402	2.05	4,875	0.23	0.25	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.02771
BUTANES*	75-28-5	8,402	11.11	4,875	3.01	3.13	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00009
BUTENES*	590-18-1	8,402	9.50	4,875	3.17	3.30	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00022
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	8,402	0.04	4,875	0.00	0.00	13,000	1,991	OFHHA Acute RFI	0.00000
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	8,402	10.69	4,875	1.55	1.80	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00030
DECANES	124-18-5	8,402	0.07	4,875	0.04	0.04	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00004
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	8,402	0.15	4,875	0.08	0.08	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00018
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	8,402	0.07	4,875	0.03	0.03	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00001
DODECANES	112-40-3	8,402	0.01	4,875	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	8,402	141.86	4,875	6.60	6.65	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	8,402	0.12	4,875	0.06	0.06	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEXANES*	110-54-3	8,402	0.21	4,875	0.08	0.09	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
HEXENES*	592-41-6	8,402	4.04	4,875	1.15	1.20	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00239
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	8,402	0.55	4,875	0.15	0.20	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00064
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	8,402	0.61	4,875	0.14	0.15	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00210
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	8,402	0.52	4,875	0.10	0.12	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00008
METHANOL	67-56-1	8,402	19.21	4,875	5.46	5.61	530,000	21,366	OFHHA Acute RFI	0.00026
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	8,402	0.25	4,875	0.07	0.07	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
NONANES	111-84-2	8,402	0.08	4,875	0.02	0.03	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
OCTANES*	111-65-9	8,402	0.10	4,875	0.04	0.05	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PENTANES*	109-66-0	8,402	0.26	4,875	0.02	0.02	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00000
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	8,402	3.05	4,875	0.71	0.74	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	8,402	1.54	4,875	0.07	0.09	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00002
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	8,402	0.04	4,875	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00148
TOLUENE	108-88-3	8,402	8.85	4,875	0.67	0.77	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00039
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	8,402	2.42	4,875	0.24	0.30	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00120
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	8,402	0.05	4,875	0.02	0.02	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00004
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	8,402	13.26	4,875	1.11	1.21	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00061
									<b>Hazard Index</b>	<b>0.03788</b>

NR= According to EPA, AEGL is "not recommended due to insufficient data"  
NA= Not Available  
NC= Not Calculated

For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the isomer group was selected for use in this assessment (See Appendix A)

# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2

## Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment Pioneer Park Neighborhood | May 20, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	11,013	0.11	7,486	0.03	0.03	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00011
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	11,013	0.61	7,486	0.18	0.19	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
BENZENE	71-43-2	11,013	2.14	7,486	0.18	0.19	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.02151
BUTANES*	75-28-5	11,013	14.55	7,486	2.80	3.09	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00009
BUTENES*	590-18-1	11,013	7.19	7,486	0.94	1.27	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00008
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	11,013	0.04	7,486	0.00	0.00	13,000	1,991	OFHHA Acute RFI	0.00000
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	11,013	7.42	7,486	1.54	2.14	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00036
DECANES	124-18-5	11,013	0.11	7,486	0.02	0.03	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	11,013	0.22	7,486	0.09	0.12	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00026
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	11,013	0.11	7,486	0.05	0.06	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00002
DODECANES	112-40-3	11,013	0.01	7,486	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	11,013	6.94	7,486	5.44	5.45	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	11,013	0.21	7,486	0.08	0.08	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEXANES*	110-54-3	11,013	0.26	7,486	0.15	0.16	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
HEXENES*	592-41-6	11,013	3.98	7,486	1.37	1.59	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00317
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	11,013	0.47	7,486	0.10	0.16	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00053
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	11,013	0.55	7,486	0.12	0.14	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00205
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	11,013	0.47	7,486	0.16	0.20	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00014
METHANOL	67-56-1	11,013	44.34	7,486	2.79	3.44	530,000	21,366	OFHHA Acute RFI	0.00016
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	11,013	0.26	7,486	0.09	0.10	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
NONANES	111-84-2	11,013	0.09	7,486	0.02	0.02	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
OCTANES*	111-65-9	11,013	0.24	7,486	0.05	0.05	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PENTANES*	109-66-0	11,013	0.23	7,486	0.01	0.01	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00000
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	11,013	2.44	7,486	0.29	0.41	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	11,013	0.18	7,486	0.05	0.06	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00001
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	11,013	0.05	7,486	0.01	0.01	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00215
TOLUENE	108-88-3	11,013	5.05	7,486	0.68	0.84	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00042
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	11,013	1.29	7,486	0.08	0.10	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00038
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	11,013	0.06	7,486	0.01	0.02	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	11,013	4.99	7,486	0.84	0.91	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00045
									<b>Hazard Index</b>	<b>0.03207</b>

NR= According to EPA, AEGL is "not recommended due to insufficient data"  
 NA= Not Available  
 NC= Not Calculated

For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the isomer group was selected for use in this assessment (See Appendix A)

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# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2

Mobile Laboratory Sampling Data Summary and Risk Assessment  
Western Hills Neighborhood | May 22, 2024

Analyte	Cas No	Count of 1-second Concentrations (#)	Maximum 1-second Concentration (ppbv)	Count of 1-hr Rolling Averages Derived (#)	Average 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	Maximum 1-hr Rolling Average (ppbv)	AEGL 1 60-min Value	Health Reference Level (ppbv)	Screening Value Source	Hazard Quotient
1,3 BUTADIENE	106-99-0	10,999	0.17	7,472	0.01	0.01	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00003
ACETYLENE	74-86-2	10,999	0.59	7,472	0.15	0.16	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
BENZENE	71-43-2	10,999	2.33	7,472	0.14	0.18	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.01949
BUTANES*	75-28-5	10,999	9.56	7,472	1.90	2.04	NR	33000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00006
BUTENES*	590-18-1	10,999	15.04	7,472	1.05	1.53	NR	15000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00010
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	10,999	0.04	7,472	0.00	0.00	13,000	1,991	OFHHA Acute RFI	0.00000
CYCLOPENTANES*	287-92-3	10,999	16.97	7,472	1.12	1.39	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00024
DECANES	124-18-5	10,999	0.06	7,472	0.02	0.03	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
DIETHYLBENZENES*	141-93-5	10,999	0.16	7,472	0.06	0.07	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00016
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES*	638-04-0	10,999	0.09	7,472	0.02	0.03	NR	4,000	CDPHE	0.00001
DODECANES	112-40-3	10,999	0.01	7,472	0.00	0.00	NR	1720	CDPHE	0.00000
ETHYLENE	74-85-1	10,999	168.21	7,472	6.74	6.92	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEPTANES*	142-82-5	10,999	0.12	7,472	0.04	0.04	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00000
HEXANES*	110-54-3	10,999	0.15	7,472	0.07	0.07	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
HEXENES*	592-41-6	10,999	5.11	7,472	0.63	0.80	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00161
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	74-90-8	10,999	2.20	7,472	0.12	0.15	2,000	308	OEHHA Acute REL	0.00049
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7783-06-4	10,999	0.65	7,472	0.14	0.15	510	70	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00211
ISOPRENE	78-79-5	10,999	0.56	7,472	0.05	0.06	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00004
METHANOL	67-56-1	10,999	103.96	7,472	5.01	6.34	530,000	21,366	OFHHA Acute RFI	0.00030
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	108-87-2	10,999	0.23	7,472	0.05	0.06	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00002
NONANES	111-84-2	10,999	0.06	7,472	0.02	0.02	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
OCTANES*	111-65-9	10,999	0.08	7,472	0.03	0.03	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PENTANES*	109-66-0	10,999	0.85	7,472	0.50	0.50	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00001
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	10,999	4.35	7,472	0.20	0.30	NR	NA	NE	
STYRENE	100-42-5	10,999	0.27	7,472	0.06	0.08	20,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00002
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	10,999	0.03	7,472	0.00	0.00	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00083
TOLUENE	108-88-3	10,999	10.51	7,472	0.60	0.66	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00033
TRIMETHYLBENZENES*	622-96-8	10,999	1.55	7,472	0.14	0.21	50,000	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00084
UNDECANES	1120-21-4	10,999	0.05	7,472	0.01	0.02	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Health	0.00003
XYLENES*	1330-20-7	10,999	9.91	7,472	0.46	0.67	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.00033
									<b>Hazard Index</b>	<b>0.02713</b>

NR= According to EPA, AEGL is "not recommended due to insufficient data"  
NA= Not Available  
NC= Not Calculated

For analyte isomer groups which were unable to be differentiated, the lowest health reference value of the isomer group was selected for use in this assessment (See Appendix A)

## **APPENDIX D PTR CALIBRATION AND QA/QC DATA**



## Notable Sampling Events During Test Program

### 5-20-24 Pioneer Park Neighborhood

11:23 67<sup>th</sup> and Oneida: Benzene, toluene and xylene( BTEX) road intersection

12:24 63<sup>rd</sup> and Holly: BTEX, alkenes road traffic

12:47 60<sup>th</sup> and Holly: BTEX road intersection

13:03 59<sup>th</sup> and Oneida: BTEX, alkenes Engine exhaust

13:14 56<sup>th</sup> and Magnolia: BTEX, hexenes, traffic

### 5-21-24 Dupont Neighborhood

12:21 76<sup>th</sup> and Locust: BTEX, alkenes, trimethyl benzenes heavy traffic intersection

13:16 E 1<sup>st</sup> Avenue: Hydrogen sulfide, unknown

14:12 E 69<sup>th</sup> and Forrest: BTEX, Hexenes trimethyl benzenes road traffic intersection

### 5-22-24 Western Hills Neighborhood

12:19 E 73<sup>rd</sup> and Pecos: BTEX, alkenes, trimethylbenzenes road intersection

### 5-22-24 Adams City Neighborhood

12:55 E 72<sup>nd</sup> Ave and Birch: BTEX, alkenes intersection

13:10 E 72<sup>nd</sup> and Dahlia: BTEX, alkenes, trimethylbenzenes, and alkanes road intersection

### 5-23-24 Globeville Neighborhood

10:01 53<sup>rd</sup> and Lincoln: BTEX

11:13 53<sup>rd</sup> and Lincoln: BTEX, alkenes, trimethylbenzenes road Intersection

### 5-23-24 Elyria-Swansea Neighborhoods

12:39 E 37<sup>th</sup> and N. Downing St: BTEX, alkenes, trimethylbenzenes intersection traffic

13:44 Josephine St at railroad crossing: BTEX, alkenes, alkanes, trimethylbenzenes traffic

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

Suncor Neighborhood Monitoring  
Second Quarter 2024 Initial Calibration  
PTR Screenshots 5-19-24

Setting		Current Set	
Primary Ion	H3O+		
Transmission	DC		
	Man/Ctrl		Ctrl
PC	346.9		346.89 mbar
p Drift	2.30		2.31 mbar
TofLens			6.76E-5 mbar
TOF			1.02E-6 mbar
E/N			157.1   110.7 Td
Temps	80.20 °C		79.90 °C
SrcValve	50.0		
H2O	8.0		8.00 sccm
O2	0.0		0.00 sccm
NO	0.0		0.00 sccm
Ihc	4		4.0 mA
	On/Off		On
FCinlet	60.0		59.99 sccm
U	FU	°C	☐➤ ☐☒
T-Drift	80		80.20 °C
	33.67 %		Active
T-Inlet	80		79.90 °C
	30.93 %		Active

Production Parameters

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

		Man/Ctrl	Ctrl
Setting	Current Set		
Primary Ion	H3O+		
Transmission	DC		
PC	346.9		346.90 mbar
p Drift	2.30		2.31 mbar
TofLens	6.76E-5 mbar		
TOF	1.03E-6 mbar		
E/N	157.1   110.7 Td		
Temps	80.20 °C		80.00 °C
SrcValve	50.0		
H2O	8.0		8.00 sccm
O2	0.0		0.00 sccm
NO	0.0		0.00 sccm
Ihc	4		4.0 mA
	On/Off		On
FCinlet	60.0		59.98 sccm
U	FU	°C	☐→ ☐←
Us	150		145.0 V
Uso	80		78.6 V
Udrift	525		526.1 V

Production Parameters Drift Tube Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

TPS 5-7-24 Ionicon		*Changed*	
Lens 1	15.0	16.0 V	All on <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 2	30.0	30.0 V	Lenses <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 3	20.0	21.0 V	
Lens 4	60.0	60.0 V	
Lens 5	70.0	69.0 V	
Lens 6	80.0	80.0 V	
Lens 7	17.0	18.0 V	
Push L	16.5	16.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 mA
Push H	790.0	790.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 mA
Pull L	80.0	80.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 mA
Pull H	680.0	680.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 mA
Grid	2400.0	2283 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 $\mu$ A
Cage	5020.0	4768 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 103 $\mu$ A
Refl. Grid	667.0	634.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 76 $\mu$ A
Refl. Back	900.0	855 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 167 $\mu$ A
MCP F	5400	5134.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 17 $\mu$ A
MCP B	2500	2376.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 219 $\mu$ A
<b>Hex1</b>		<b>OP</b>	
OFF/ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<b>ON</b>	
Frequency	5.70	5.70Mhz	
Amplitude	95.0	69.4V	
Offset	- 0.50	-0.47V	

Lenses and HEX settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**Defined Peaks**

	Mass	Value	Unit
(C6H14O)H+	103.11170	0.11	ppb
✓ Styrene	105.06990	1.20	ppb
*(HO3Fe)H+	105.93480	0.41	ppb
(C7H6O)H+	107.04910	83.04	ppb
✓ Xylenes, EB	107.10550	349.22	ppb
(C6H4O2)H+ [p-	109.02840	0.65	ppb
(C7H8O)H+	109.06480	0.66	ppb
(C6H5Cl)H+	113.01530	0.11	ppb
(C8H16)H+	113.13300	0.10	ppb
(C6H5Cl)H+ i	115.01230	0.09	ppb
(C7H14O)H+	115.11170	0.08	ppb

21 of 241 Peaks selected from  
"2-5-23 Suncor Working Peak Table.ipta"

**Instrument**  
TOFSupply

Description	Value	Unit
TPS_Lens1_Set	15.000	V
TPS_Lens1_Act	15.000	V
TPS_Lens2_Set	30.000	V
TPS_Lens2_Act	30.000	V
TPS_Lens3_Set	20.000	V

**Calculated**




Trace	Value	Unit
NO+	0.9360	%
O2+	6.186	%
H3O+(H2O)	0.9608	%
PI	7.765E+7	ncps
H3O+	91.92	%

Corrected H3O+ Calc Traces.iCT

Peaks and Traces

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**Acquisition** ACQ active

Single Spec Time (ms) 1000

Extraction time (μs) 4.0 371.5 amu

max Flighttime(μs) 32.0 31.25 kHz


**Data Save Settings**

Spec  Trace  Raw

Time Duration v


02:00:00 Single File Duration

24 Number of Files To Store

C:\lonicon\data 





Add File Count Extension




New ACQ for new file

<year>\_<month>\_<day>\  
Data\_<hour>\_<minute>\_<second> 

2024\_05\_18\Data\_09\_07\_22\_part\_XXX

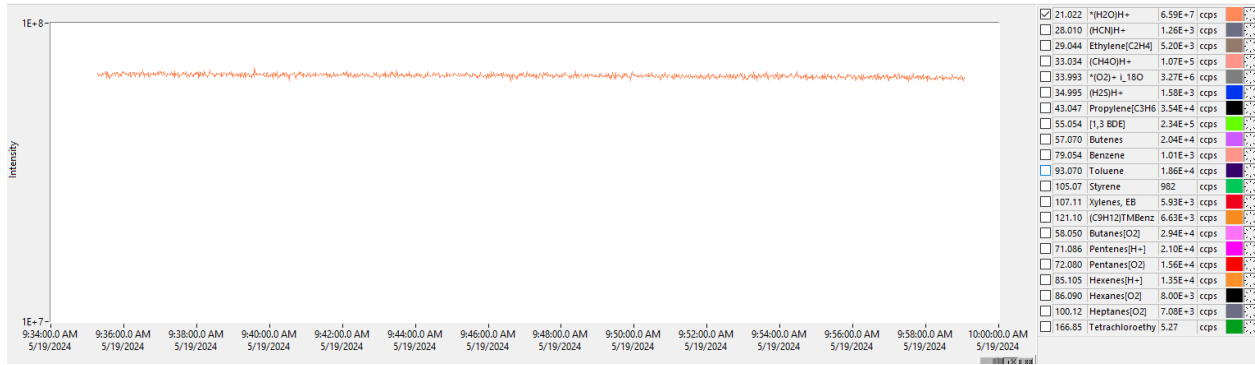
**Mass Axis Calibration**

    **Cal** **Fine**  15 sec

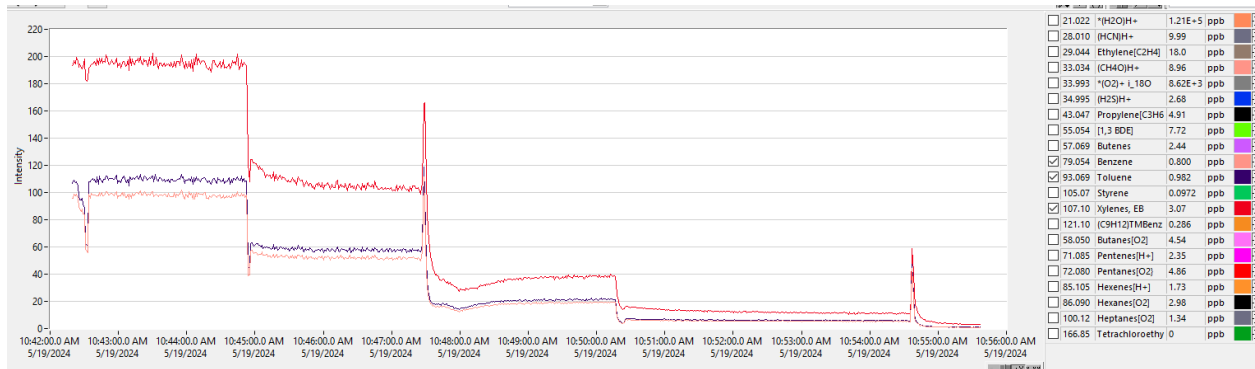
Mass	TimeBin			
21.0220	16095		^	a 15033.6
203.9431	161856			b -52837.6
59.0490	62684		v	

Acquisition Parameters

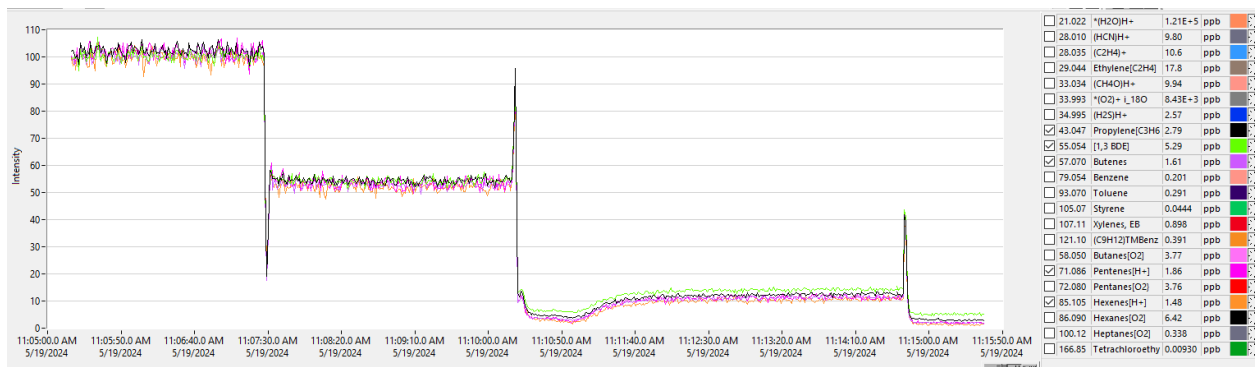
# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2



## Hydronium Stability Check

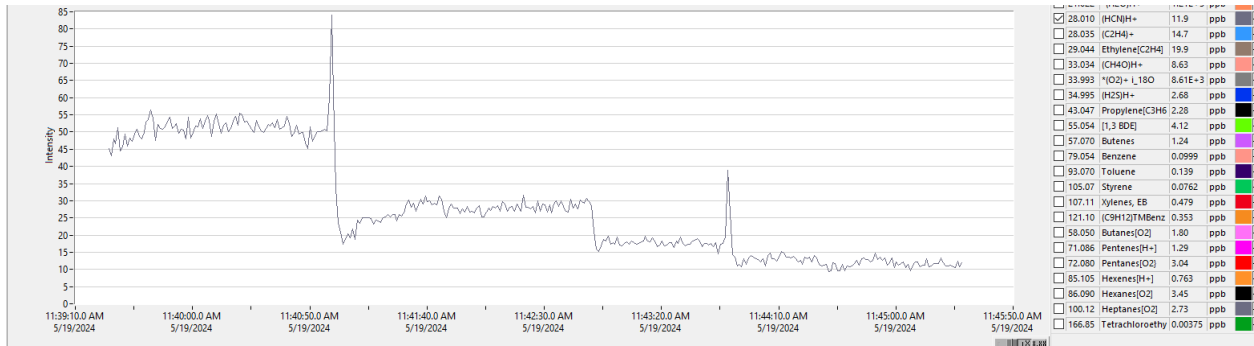


## BTEX Cals 100, 50, 20 and 5 ppb

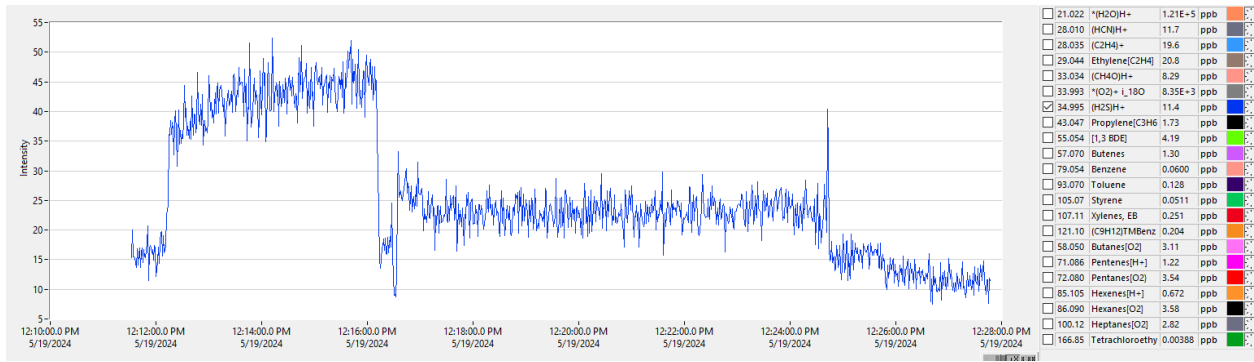


## Alkenes Cal 100, 50, 10 and 0 ppb

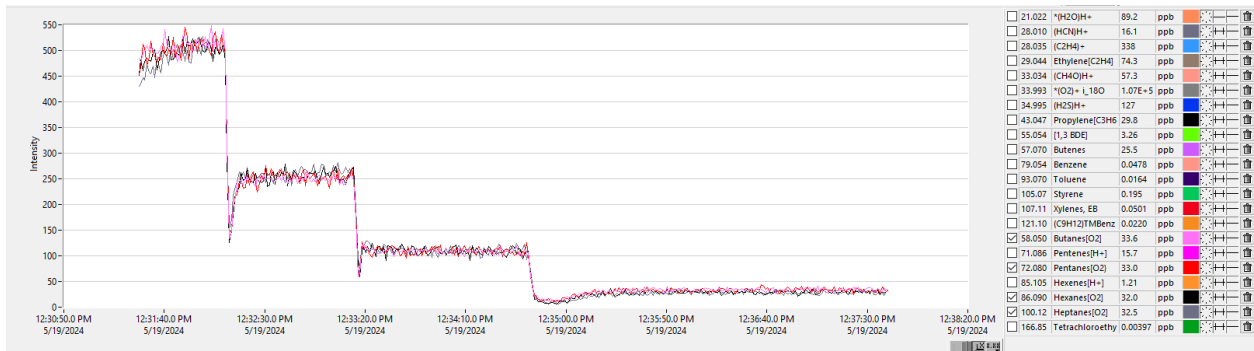
# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2



## HCN Cal 50, 25, 10 and 5 ppb



## H2S Calibration 50, 20, and 10 ppb



## Alkanes Cal 500, 250, 100 and 25 ppb



CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2






5-20-24 CCND Monitoring  
PTR Screen Shots

Setting		Odor	
Primary Ion	H3O+		
Transmission	DC		
	Man/Ctrl		Ctrl
PC	350.9		350.91 mbar
p Drift	2.30		2.28 mbar
TofLens			6.70E-5 mbar
TOF			7.24E-7 mbar
E/N			158.8   111.9 Td
Temps	79.90 °C		80.00 °C
SrcValve	50.0		
H2O	6.0		6.00 sccm
O2	0.0		0.00 sccm
NO	0.0		0.00 sccm
Ihc	4		4.0 mA
	On/Off		On
FCinlet	60.0		53.88 sccm
J	FU	°C	D→ D←
Us	150		145.0 V
Uso	80		78.6 V
Udrift	525		526.1 V

Production Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**TPS 5-20-24 Lenses and \*Changed\***

Lens 1	15.0	16.0 V	All on <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Lens 2	30.0	31.0 V	Lenses <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Lens 3	20.0	21.0 V		
Lens 4	60.0	61.0 V		
Lens 5	70.0	70.0 V		
Lens 6	80.0	80.0 V		
Lens 7	17.0	18.0 V		
Push L	16.5	16.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0 mA
Push H	790.0	790.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0 mA
Pull L	80.0	80.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0 mA
Pull H	680.0	680.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0 mA
Grid	2400.0	2285 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 $\mu$ A
Cage	5020.0	4769 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	104 $\mu$ A
Refl. Grid	667.0	634.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	77 $\mu$ A
Refl. Back	900.0	855 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	169 $\mu$ A
MCP F	5400	5136.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	17 $\mu$ A
MCP B	2500	2378.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	211 $\mu$ A




  

Hex1		OP
OFF/ON	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ON
Frequency	5.70	5.70Mhz
Amplitude	95.0	79.1V
Offset	- 0.50	-0.47V

Lenses and Hex Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**Defined Peaks**

	Mass	Value	Unit	
(C6H6)+	78.04640	0.00		^
(C2H6OS)H+	79.02120	0.00		
✓ Benzene	79.05420	0.00		
(C5H5N)H+	80.04950	0.00		
(C4H4N2)H+	81.04470	0.00		
(C6H8)H+	81.06990	0.00		
(C6H10)H+	83.08550	0.00		
*(Kr)H+	84.91880	0.00		
[13BDE][O2]+	86.09000	0.00		
(C4H6O2)H+ [?]	87.04410	0.00		
(C5H10O)H+	87.08040	0.00		v




22 of 241 Peaks selected from  
"5-20-24 Suncor Peak Table.ipta"

**Instrument**

DataCollection

Description	Value	Unit
ACQ_SRV_SpecTime_ms	5000.000	
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_a_Ac	1.503E+4	
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_b_Ac	-5.285E+4	
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalOnOf	1.000	
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalPerio	15.000	

**Calculated**




Trace	Value	Unit	
NO+	2.336	%	^
O2+	8.983	%	
H3O+(H2O)	2.123	%	
PI	7.746E+7	ncps	
H3O+	86.56	%	v

Corrected H3O+ Calc Traces.iCT

Peaks and Traces

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**Acquisition** **Idle**

Single Spec Time (ms)


Extraction time (µs)

max Flighttime(µs)

**Data Save Settings**


Spec  Trace  Raw

Time Duration










Add File Count Extension

New ACQ for new file



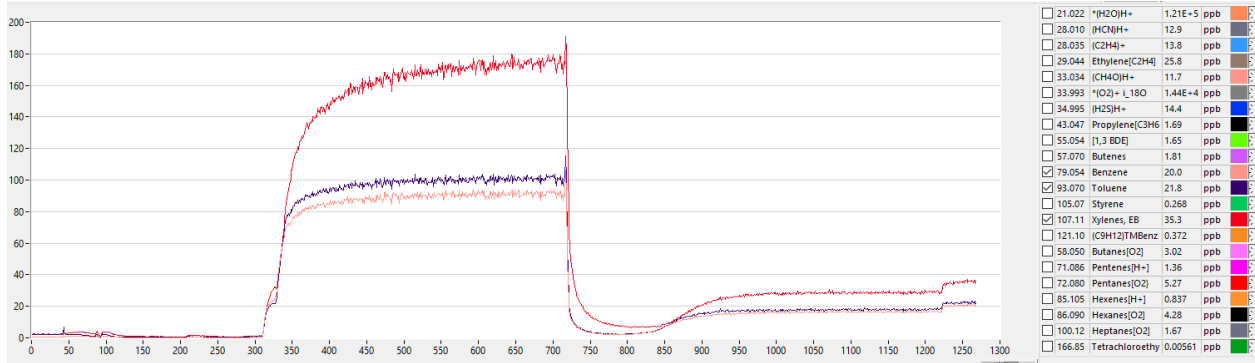
**Mass Axis Calibration**

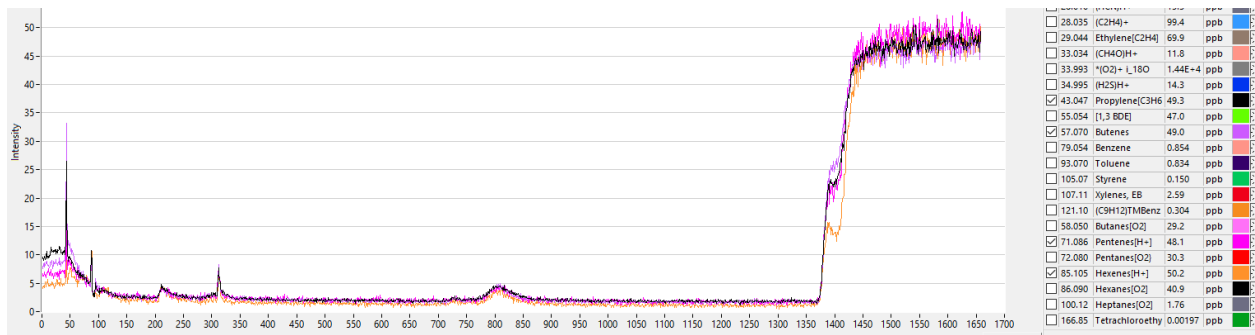
Mass	TimeBin			
21.0220	16066		^	a 15029.2
203.9431	161784			b -52846.6
59.0490	62641		∨	

Acquisition Parameters

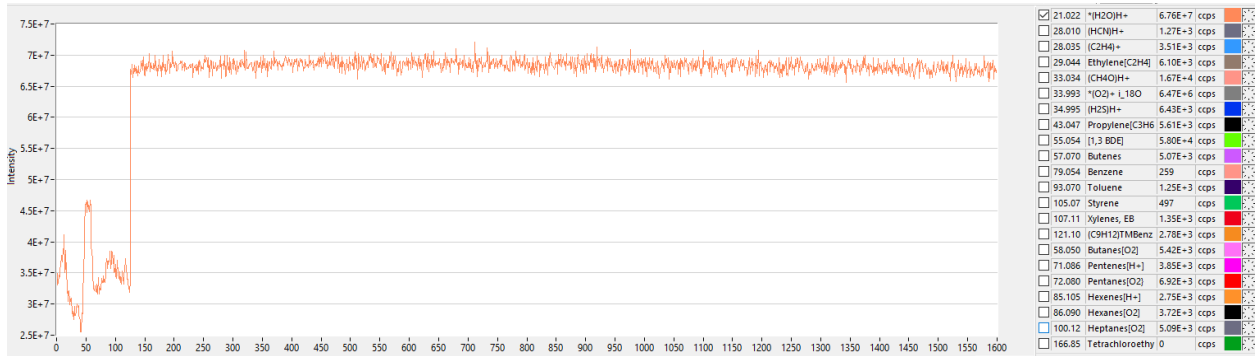
# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2



## BTEX Pre



## Alkenes Pre



## Hydronium Stability Check

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

5-21-24 Dupont Neighborhood  
PTR Screen Shots

Setting		Current Set	▼	🔍
Primary Ion		H3O+	▼	🔍
Transmission		DC	▼	🔍
	Man/Ctrl			Ctrl
PC	353.0	▲▼		353.01 mbar
p Drift	2.30	▲▼		2.29 mbar
TofLens	6.76E-5 mbar			
TOF	7.20E-7 mbar			
E/N	157.8   111.2 Td			
Temps	79.90 °C			80.00 °C
SrcValve	50.0	▲▼		
H2O	6.0	▲▼		6.00 sccm
O2	0.0	▲▼		0.00 sccm
NO	0.0	▲▼		0.00 sccm
Ihc	4	▲▼		4.0 mA
	On/Off			On
FCinlet	60.0	▲▼		59.99 sccm
U	FU	°C	↔	↔
T-Drift	80	▲▼		79.90 °C ▲
	57.07 %			Active
T-Inlet	80	▲▼		80.00 °C
	23.31 %			Active ▼

Production Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**TPS 5-20-24 Lenses and \*Changed\***

Lens 1	15.0	16.0 V	All on <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Lens 2	30.0	30.0 V	Lenses <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Lens 3	20.0	21.0 V		
Lens 4	60.0	60.0 V		
Lens 5	70.0	70.0 V		
Lens 6	80.0	80.0 V		
Lens 7	17.0	17.0 V		
Push L	16.5	16.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Push H	790.0	790.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2 mA
Pull L	80.0	80.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull H	680.0	680.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Grid	2400.0	2283 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 $\mu$ A
Cage	5020.0	4768 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	103 $\mu$ A
Refl. Grid	667.0	634.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	75 $\mu$ A
Refl. Back	900.0	855 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	167 $\mu$ A
MCP F	5400	5134.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	17 $\mu$ A
MCP B	2500	2378.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	219 $\mu$ A

Hex1		OP
OFF/ON	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ON
Frequency	5.70	5.70Mhz
Amplitude	95.0	72.4V
Offset	- 0.50	-0.47V

Lenses and Hex Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**Defined Peaks**

	Mass	Value	Unit	
Butanes[H+]	59.08530	4.63E+4	ccps	^
Isoprene[O2]	68.12000	21.58	ccps	
Pentenes[O2]	70.13400	48.12	ccps	
✓ Pentenes[H+]	71.08553	7.51E+3	ccps	
✓ Pentanes[O2]	72.08000	7.71E+3	ccps	
Pentanes[H+]	73.16000	15.08	ccps	
✓ Hexenes[O2]	84.16000	15.71	ccps	
✓ Hexenes[H+]	85.10500	4.10E+3	ccps	
✓ Hexanes[O2]	86.09000	4.16E+3	ccps	
Hexanes[H+]	87.11680	172.37	ccps	
✓ Heptanes[O2]	100.12000	3.58E+3	ccps	∨

24 of 241 Peaks selected from  
"5-20-24 Suncor Peak Table.ipta"

**Instrument**

DataCollection

Description	Value	Unit	
ACQ_SRV_SpecTime_ms	1000.000		^
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_a_Ac	1.502E+4		
ACQ_SRV_MassCal_b_Ac	-5.284E+4		
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalOnOf	1.000		
ACQ_SRV_AutoCalPerio	15.000		∨

**Calculated**

Trace	Value	Unit	
NO+	1.665	%	^
O2+	8.453	%	
H3O+(H2O)	4.358	%	
PI	8.145E+7	ncps	
H3O+	85.52	%	∨

Corrected H3O+ Calc Traces.iCT

Peaks and Traces



CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**Acquisition** ACQ active

Single Spec Time (ms) 1000

Extraction time (μs) 4.0 372.1 amu

max Flighttime(μs) 32.0 31.25 kHz

**Data Save Settings**

Spec  Trace  Raw

Time Duration 02:00:00 Single File Duration

24 Number of Files To Store

C:\lonicon\data

Add File Count Extension

New ACQ for new file

<year>\_<month>\_<day>\Data\_<hour>\_<minute>\_<second>

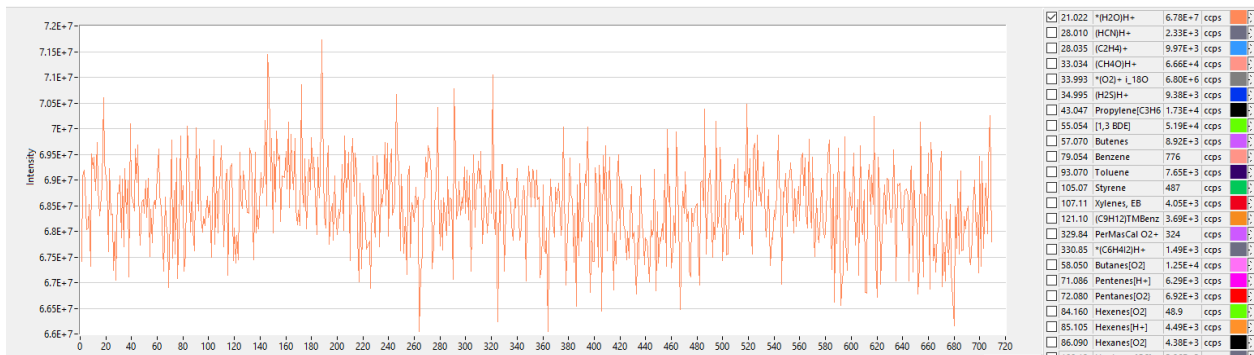
2024\_05\_20\Data\_09\_38\_12\_part\_XXX

**Mass Axis Calibration** AutoCAL done

Cal Fine  15 sec

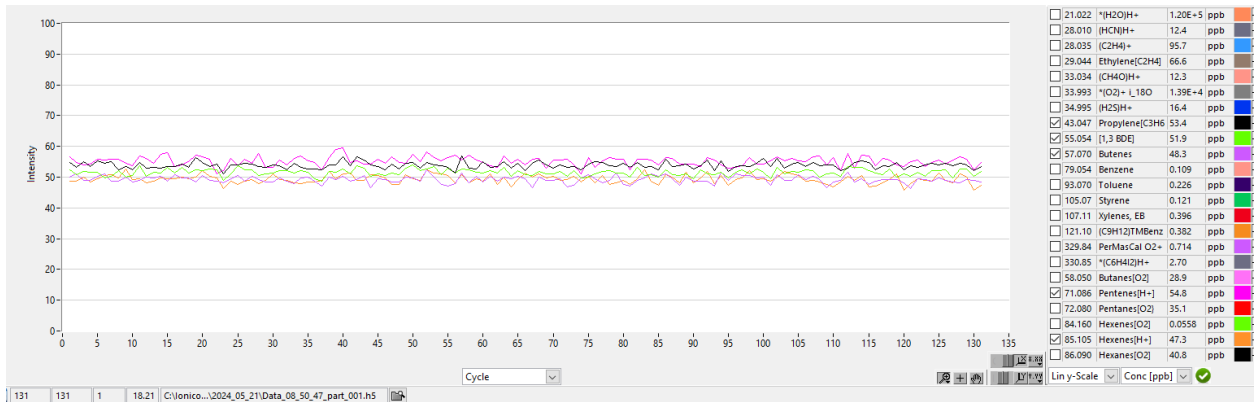
Mass	TimeBin		
21.0220	16041	↑	a 15022.4
203.9431	161698	↓	b -52836.8
59.0490	62598		

Acquisition Settings

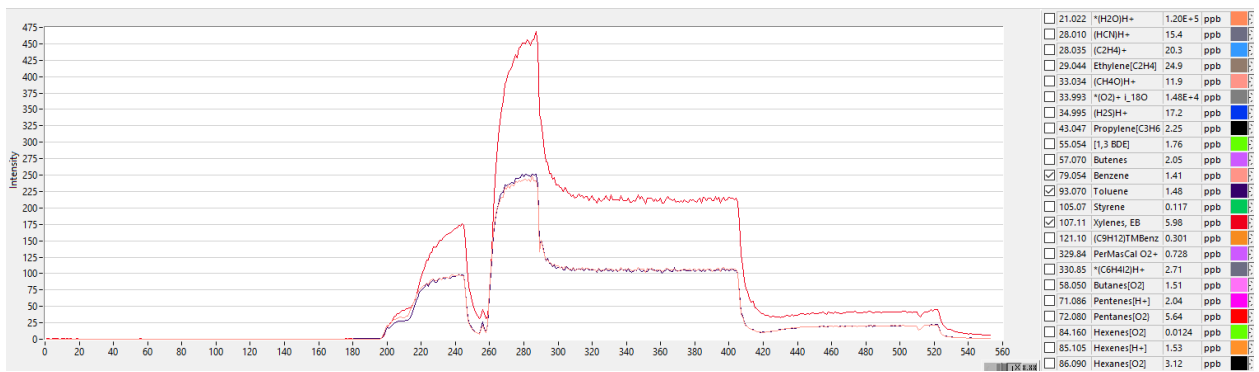


Hydronium Stability

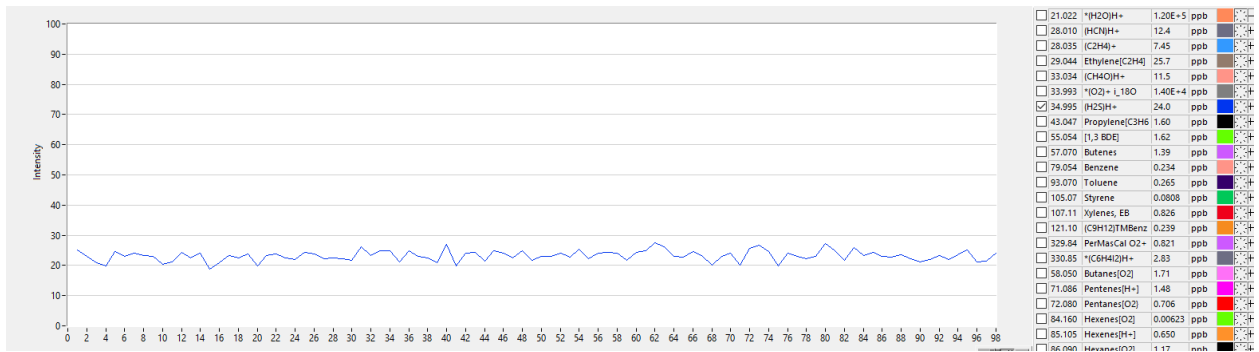
# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2



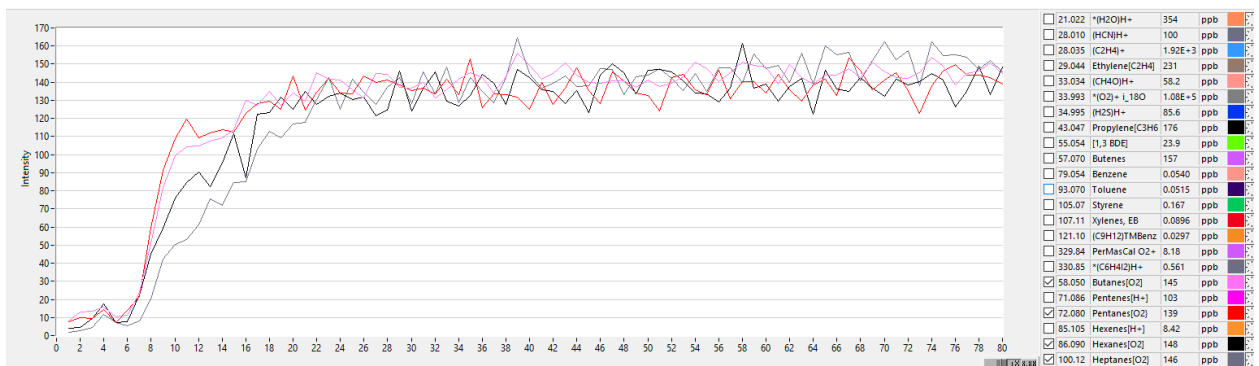
## Alkenes Pre



## BTEX Pre

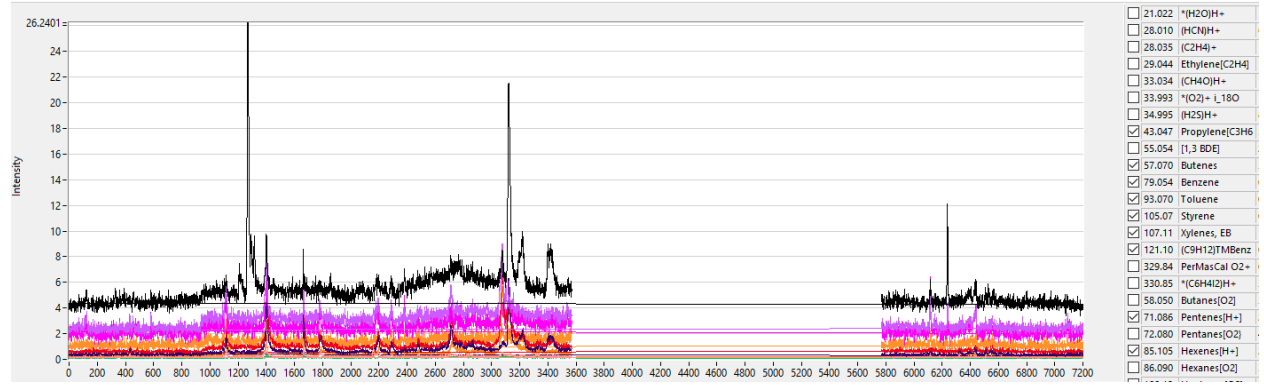


## H<sub>2</sub>S Pre

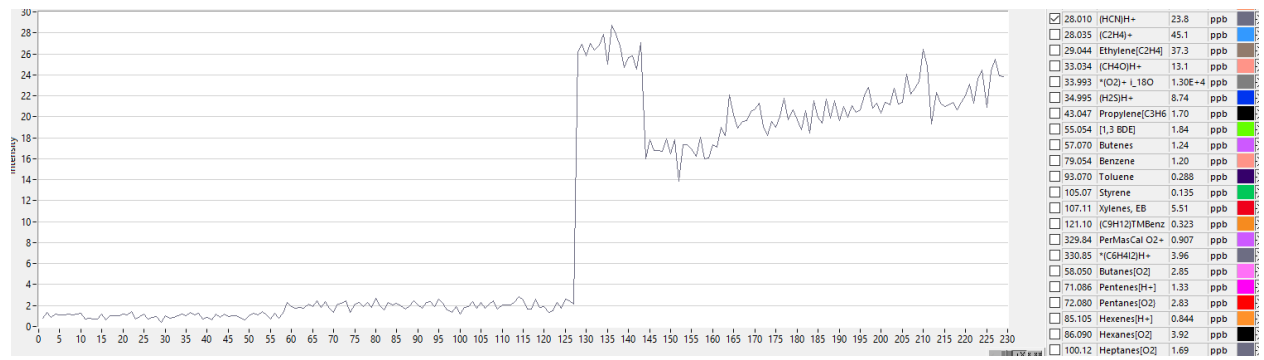


# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2

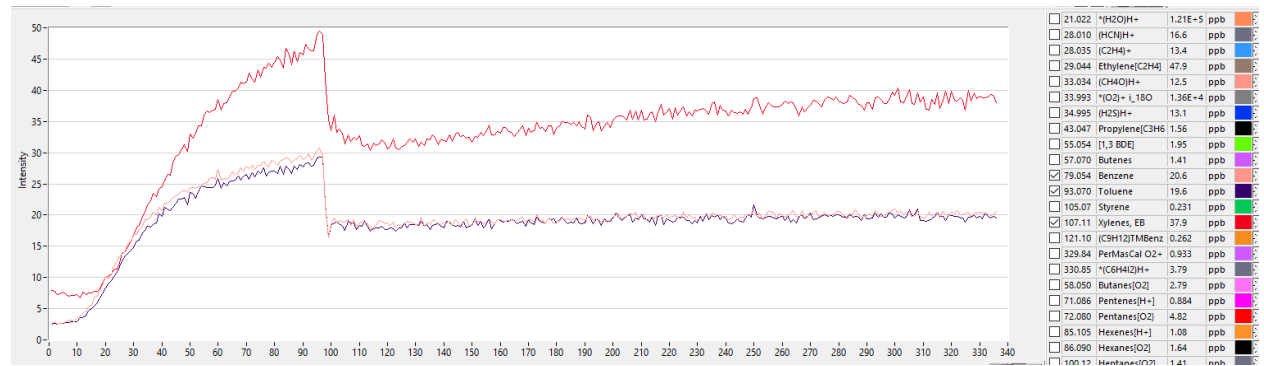
## Alkanes Pre



## Raw Data Dupont



## HCN post



## BTEX post

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

Western Hills and Adams City  
5-22-24  
PTR Screen Shots

		Man/Ctrl	Ctrl
Setting	Odor		
Primary Ion	H3O+		
Transmission	DC		
PC	352.5	352.50 mbar	
p Drift	2.30	2.29 mbar	
TofLens		6.76E-5 mbar	
TOF		6.79E-7 mbar	
E/N		158.0   111.3 Td	
Temps	80.20 °C	80.00 °C	
SrcValve	50.0		
H2O	6.0	6.00 sccm	
O2	0.0	0.00 sccm	
NO	0.0	0.00 sccm	
Ihc	4	4.0 mA	
	On/Off	On	
FCinlet	60.0	59.98 sccm	
U	FU	°C	☐☐
Us	150		145.0 V
Uso	80		78.6 V
Udrift	525		526.1 V

Production Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**TPS 5-20-24 Lenses and \*Changed\***

Lens 1	15.0	16.0 V	All on	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 2	30.0	30.0 V	Lenses	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 3	20.0	21.0 V		
Lens 4	60.0	60.0 V		
Lens 5	70.0	70.0 V		
Lens 6	80.0	80.0 V		
Lens 7	17.0	17.0 V		
Push L	16.5	17.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Push H	790.0	790.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2 mA
Pull L	80.0	80.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull H	680.0	680.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Grid	2400.0	2283 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 $\mu$ A
Cage	5020.0	4768 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	103 $\mu$ A
Refl. Grid	667.0	634.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	75 $\mu$ A
Refl. Back	900.0	855 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	167 $\mu$ A
MCP F	5400	5134.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	17 $\mu$ A
MCP B	2500	2378.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	218 $\mu$ A

<b>Hex1</b>		<b>OP</b>
OFF/ON	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<b>ON</b>
Frequency	5.70	5.70Mhz
Amplitude	95.0	75.1V
Offset	- 0.50	-0.47V

Lenses and Hex Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**Defined Peaks**

	Mass	Value	Unit	
*(NO)+ [NO+]	29.99740	2.61E+5	ccps	^
*(NO)+ i_18O	30.99450	1.22E+6	ccps	
(CH2O)H+	31.01780	9.17E+3	ccps	
*(O2)+ [O2+]	31.98930	9.38E+5	ccps	
*(O2)+	32.99710	5.19E+4	ccps	
✓ (CH4O)H+	33.03400	5.72E+4	ccps	
✓ *(O2)+ i_18O	33.99350	6.66E+6	ccps	
(CH4O)H+ i_13C	34.03740	2.43E+3	ccps	
✓ (H2S)H+	34.99550	5.49E+3	ccps	
*(H2O)2H+	37.02840	6.82E+5	ccps	
*b38.low	37.93300	2.94E+6	ccps	▼

24 of 241 Peaks selected from  
"5-20-24 Suncor Peak Table.ipta"

**Instrument**

DataCollection ▼

Description	Value	Unit	
	0.000		^
	0.000		
	0.000		
	0.000		
	0.000		▼

**Calculated**

Trace	Value	Unit	
NO+	1.580	%	^
O2+	8.597	%	
H3O+(H2O)	4.284	%	
PI	7.744E+7	ncps	
H3O+	85.54	%	▼

Corrected H3O+ Calc Traces.iCT

Peaks and Traces

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**Acquisition** ACQ active

Single Spec Time (ms) 1000  
 Extraction time (μs) 4.0 372.9 amu  
 max Flighttime(μs) 32.0 31.25 kHz

**Data Save Settings**

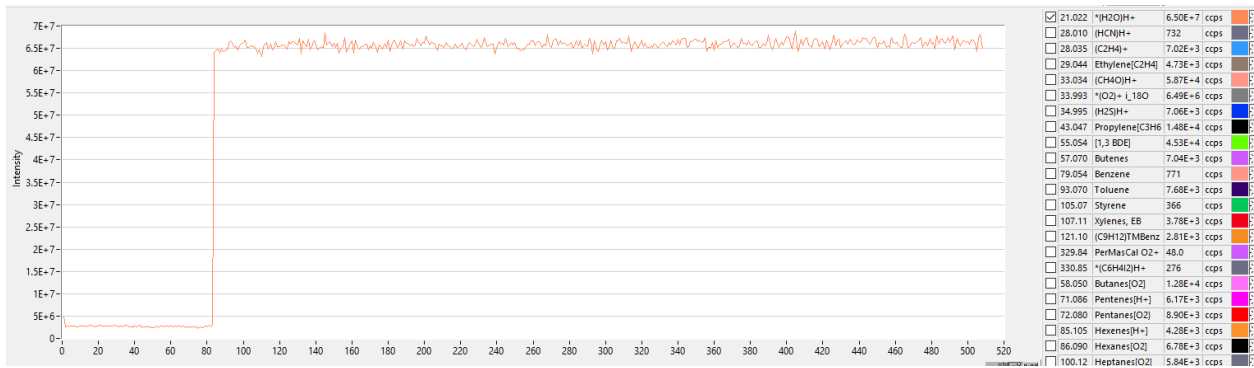
Spec  Trace  Raw  
 Time Duration  
 02:00:00 Single File Duration  
 24 Number of Files To Store  
 C:\lonicon\data  
 Add File Count Extension  
 New ACQ for new file  
 <year>\_<month>\_<day>\  
 Data\_<hour>\_<minute>\_<second>  
 2024\_05\_20\Data\_09\_38\_12\_part\_XXX

**Mass Axis Calibration**

Cal Fine  15 sec

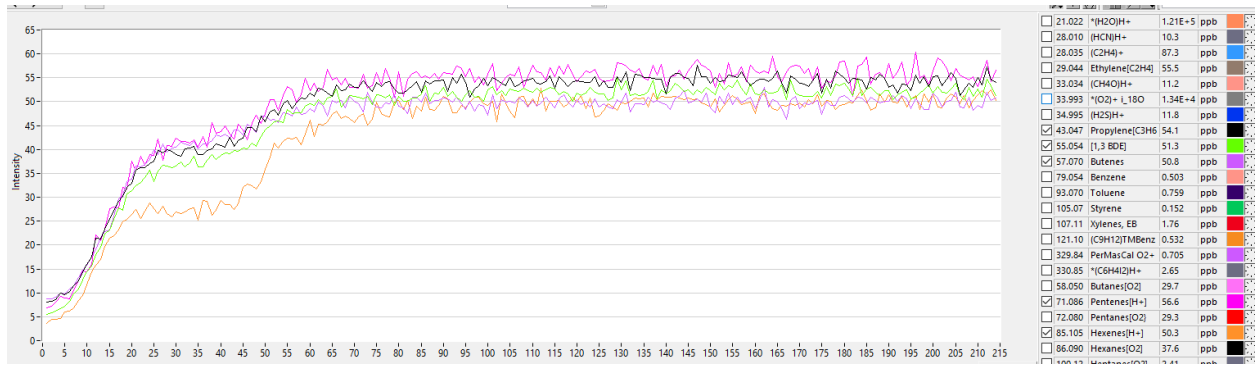
Mass	TimeBin		
21.0220	16001	↑	a 15003
330.8500	220107	↓	b -52787.1
59.0491	62501		

Acquisition Settings

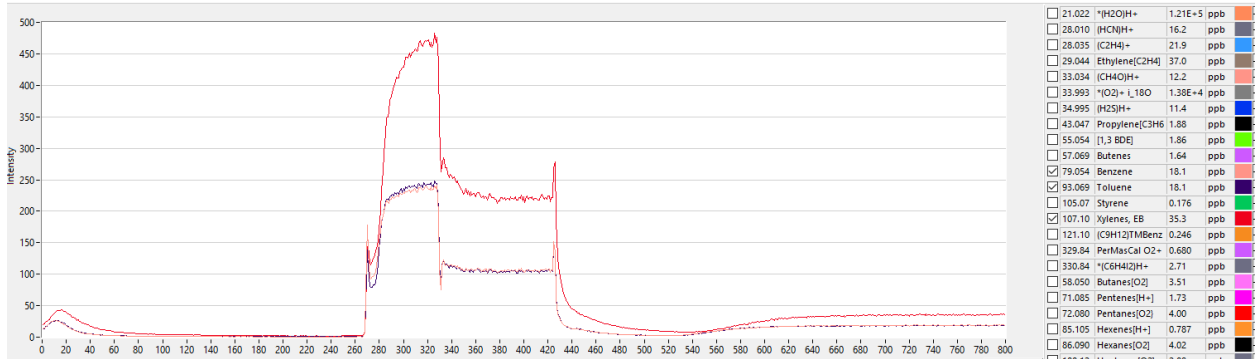


Hydronium Stability Check

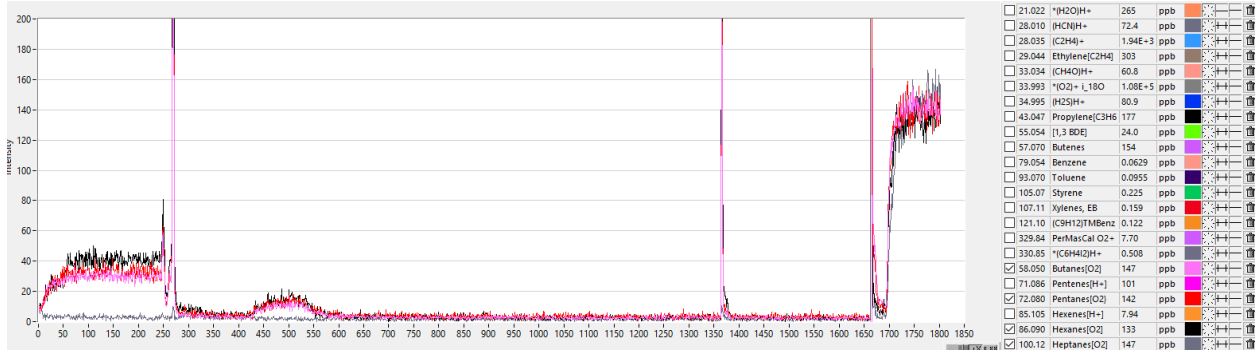
# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2



Alkenes Pre



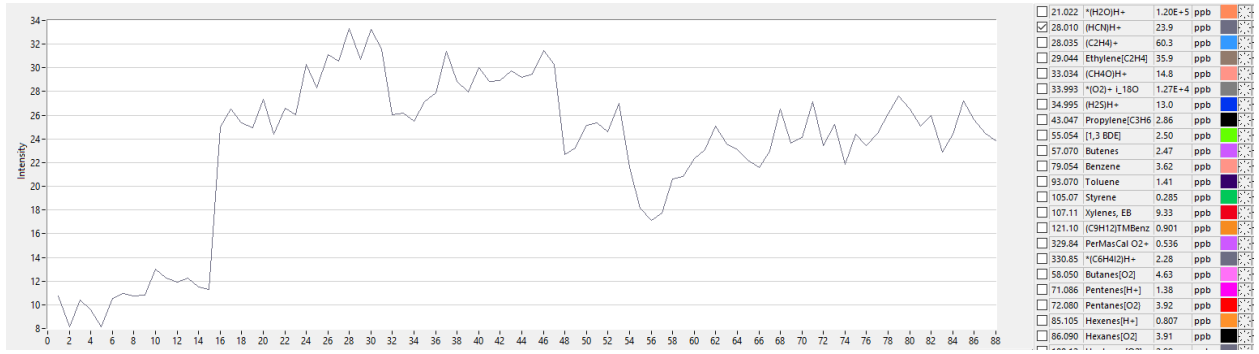
BTEX Pre



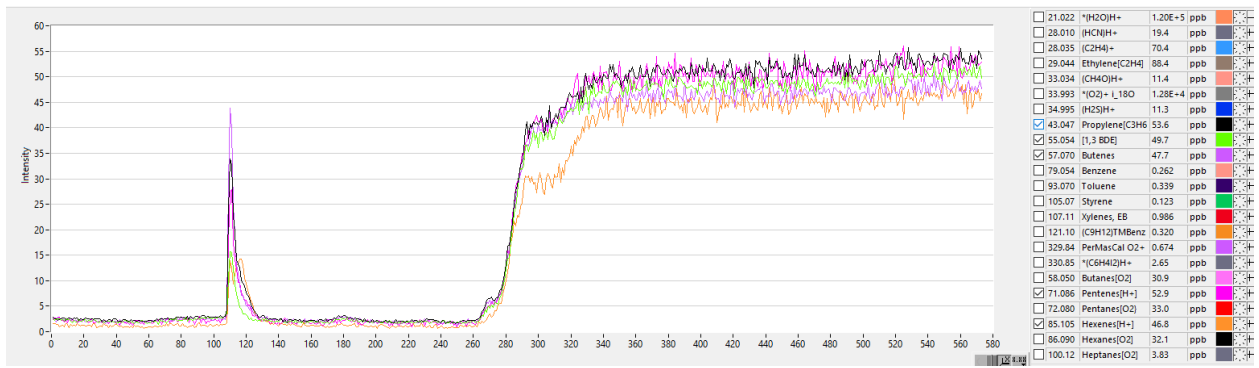
Alkanes Pre



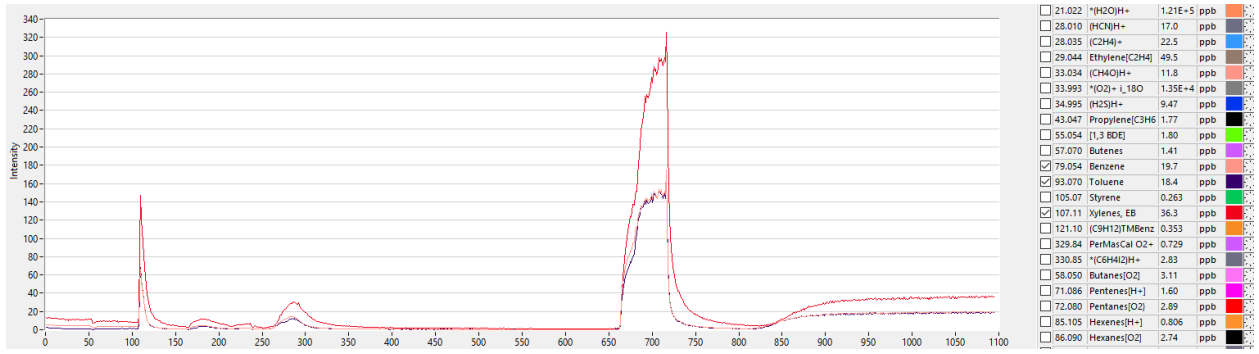
# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2



HCN post

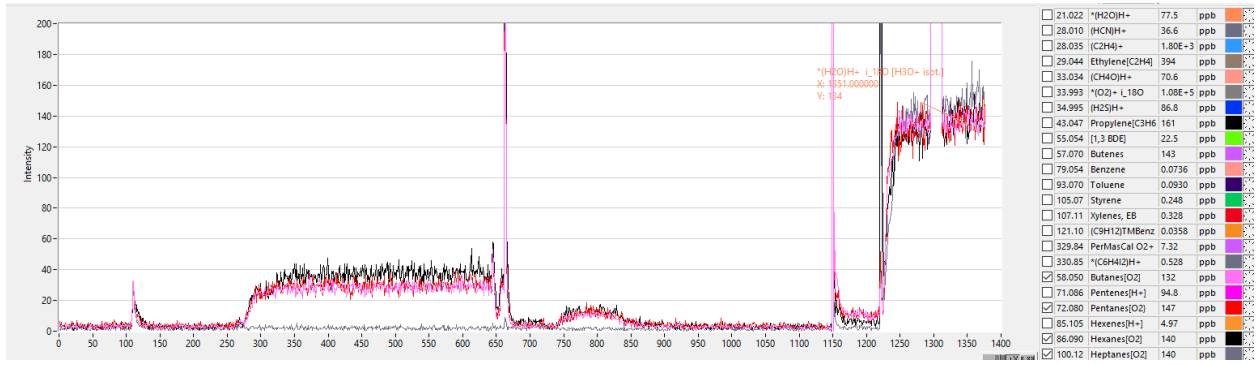


Alkenes post



BTEX post

# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2






Alkanes post

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

CCND Neighborhood Monitoring  
5-24-24 Globeville and E. Swansea

**Acquisition** ACQ active

Single Spec Time (ms) 1000

Extraction time (μs) 4.0  372.0 amu

max Flighttime(μs) 32.0  31.25 kHz

**Data Save Settings**

Spec  Trace  Raw

Time Duration

02:00:00  Single File Duration

24  Number of Files To Store

C:\lonicon\data





Add File Count Extension




New ACQ for new file

<year>\_<month>\_<day>\  
Data\_<hour>\_<minute>\_<second>

2024\_05\_20\Data\_09\_38\_12\_part\_XXX

**Mass Axis Calibration**

    Cal  Fine  15 sec

Mass	TimeBin			
21.0220	16046		^	a 15023.2
330.8500	220424			b -52837.5
59.0491	62605		↓	

Acquisition Settings






CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

Setting		Odor	
Primary Ion		H3O+	
Transmission		DC	
	Man/Ctrl		Ctrl
PC	353.1		353.09 mbar
p Drift	2.30		2.29 mbar
TofLens			6.87E-5 mbar
TOF			6.91E-7 mbar
E/N			157.8   111.1 Td
Temps	79.90 °C		79.90 °C
SrcValve	50.0		
H2O	6.0		6.00 sccm
O2	0.0		0.00 sccm
NO	0.0		0.00 sccm
Ihc	4		4.0 mA
	On/Off		On
FCinlet	60.0		59.98 sccm
U	FU	°C	↔
Us	150		145.0 V
Uso	80		78.6 V
Udrift	525		526.1 V

Production Settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**IPS 5-20-24 Lenses and \*Changed\***

Lens 1	15.0	16.0 V		All on <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 2	30.0	30.0 V		Lenses <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lens 3	20.0	21.0 V		
Lens 4	60.0	60.0 V		
Lens 5	70.0	69.0 V		
Lens 6	80.0	80.0 V		
Lens 7	17.0	18.0 V		
Push L	16.5	17.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Push H	790.0	791.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2 mA
Pull L	80.0	80.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Pull H	680.0	680.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 mA
Grid	2400.0	2283 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 $\mu$ A
Cage	5020.0	4768 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	103 $\mu$ A
Refl. Grid	667.0	634.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	75 $\mu$ A
Refl. Back	900.0	855 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	167 $\mu$ A
MCP F	5400	5134.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	17 $\mu$ A
MCP B	2500	2378.0 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	220 $\mu$ A

Hex1		OP
OFF/ON	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ON
Frequency	5.70	5.70Mhz
Amplitude	95.0	71.7V
Offset	- 0.50	-0.47V

Lenses and HEX settings

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

**Defined Peaks**

	Mass	Value	Unit	
*(NO)+ [NO+]	29.99740	2.19E+5	ccps	^
*(NO)+ i_18O	30.99450	6.12E+5	ccps	
(CH2O)H+	31.01780	4.85E+3	ccps	
*(O2)+ [O2+]	31.98930	9.46E+5	ccps	
*(O2)+	32.99710	1.25E+4	ccps	
✓(CH4O)H+	33.03400	6.85E+3	ccps	
✓*(O2)+ i_18O	33.99350	7.72E+6	ccps	
(CH4O)H+ i_13C	34.03740	3.02E+3	ccps	
✓(H2S)H+	34.99550	6.01E+3	ccps	
*(H2O)2H+	37.02840	2.64E+5	ccps	
*b38.low	37.93300	4.03E+5	ccps	∨

24 of 241 Peaks selected from  
"5-20-24 Suncor Peak Table.ipta"

**Instrument**

DataCollection

Description	Value	Unit
	0.000	
	0.000	
	0.000	
	0.000	
	0.000	

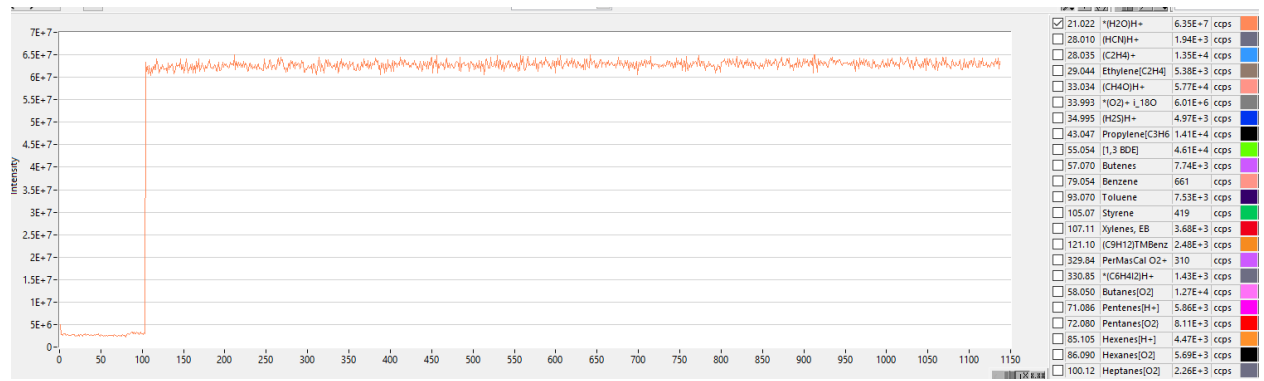
**Calculated**

Trace	Value	Unit
NO+	0.8604	%
O2+	10.86	%
H3O+(H2O)	0.6366	%
PI	7.112E+7	ncps
H3O+	87.64	%

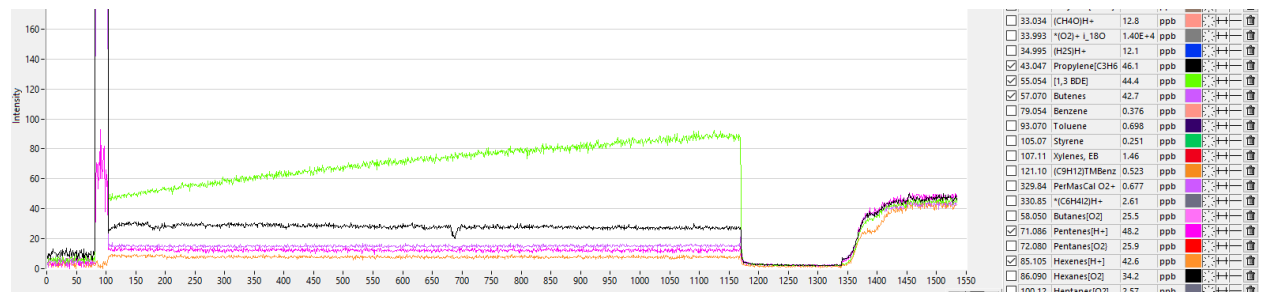
Corrected H3O+ Calc Traces.iCT

Peaks and Traces

# CCND Mobile Monitoring Van 2024 Q2



Hydronium Stability



Alkenes post

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

PTR Daily Calibration Checks

Date	Time	Calibration Gas Component	Initial Instrument Calibration			Pass/Fail	
			Calibration Value (ppb v)	Response (ppb v)	Difference (% of value)		
5/19/2024	10:44	Benzene	100	99.5	-0.5	Pass	
		Toluene	100	106	6.0	Pass	
		Xylenes	200	202	1.0	Pass	
	10:46	Benzene	50	50.8	1.6	Pass	
		Toluene	50	56.5	13.0	Pass	
		Xylenes	100	101	1.0	Pass	
	10:49	Benzene	20	19.2	-4.0	Pass	
		Toluene	20	21.6	8.0	Pass	
		Xylenes	40	39.1	-2.3	Pass	
	10:53	Benzene	5	5.07	1.4	Pass	
		Toluene	5	5.14	2.8	Pass	
		Xylenes	10	11	10.0	Pass	
		11:06	Ethylene	100	105	5.0	Pass
			Propylene	100	100	0.0	Pass
			1-Butene	100	102	2.0	Pass
1-Pentene			100	102	2.0	Pass	
1-Hexene			100	102	2.0	Pass	
1,3-Butadiene			100	99.3	-0.7	Pass	
11:08		Ethylene	50	52.1	4.2	Pass	
		Propylene	50	52.1	4.2	Pass	
		1-Butene	50	52.8	5.6	Pass	
		1-Pentene	50	51.4	2.8	Pass	
		1-Hexene	50	51.7	3.4	Pass	
		1,3-Butadiene	50	53.3	6.6	Pass	
11:14		Ethylene	10	9.7	-3.0	Pass	
		Propylene	10	11.6	16.0	Pass	
		1-Butene	10	10.8	8.0	Pass	
	1-Pentene	10	10.1	1.0	Pass		
	1-Hexene	10	10.3	3.0	Pass		
	1,3-Butadiene	10	11.1	11	Pass		
11:27	HCN	100	98.7	-1.3	Pass		
	HCN	50	50.4	0.8	Pass		
	HCN	25	26.1	4.4	Pass		
	HCN	10	9.7	-3.0	Pass		
12:15	H <sub>2</sub> S	50	48.3	-3.4	Pass		
	H <sub>2</sub> S	20	22.5	12.5	Pass		
	H <sub>2</sub> S	10	10.5	5.0	Pass		
	12:32	Butane	250	257	2.8	Pass	
		Pentane	250	252	0.8	Pass	
		Hexane	250	252	0.8	Pass	
		Heptane	250	262	4.8	Pass	
	12:34	Butane	100	107	7.0	Pass	
		Pentane	100	106	6.0	Pass	
		Hexane	100	104	4.0	Pass	
		Heptane	100	101	1.0	Pass	
	12:40	Butane	25	28.6	14.4	Pass	
		Pentane	25	27.9	11.6	Pass	
		Hexane	25	24.5	-2.0	Pass	
		Heptane	25	25.5	2.0	Pass	



CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

Instrument Calibration Check						
Date	Time	Calibration Gas Component	Calibration Value (ppb v)	Response (ppb v)	Difference (% of value)	Pass/Fail
5/20/2024 Pioneer Park	9:23	Ethylene	50	50.1	0.2	Pass
		Propylene	50	48.4	-3.2	Pass
		1-Butene	50	48.1	-3.8	Pass
		1-Pentene	50	48.9	-2.2	Pass
		1-Hexene	50	49.3	-1.4	Pass
		1,3-Butadiene	50	46.8	-6.4	Pass
	9:08	Benzene	100	94.7	-5.3	Pass
		Toluene	100	99.7	-0.3	Pass
		Xylenes	200	181	-9.5	Pass
	9:17	Benzene	20	20.9	4.5	Pass
		Toluene	20	22.1	10.5	Pass
		Xylenes	40	36.1	-9.8	Pass
	9:27	HCN	25	24.7	-1.2	Pass
	9:05	H <sub>2</sub> S	20	23	15.0	Pass
	9:32	Butane	150	146	-2.7	Pass
		Pentane	150	148	-1.3	Pass
		Hexane	150	146	-2.7	Pass
		Heptane	150	152	1.3	Pass
	14:33	HCN	25	24.1	-3.6	Pass
	14:31	H <sub>2</sub> S	20	21.9	9.5	Pass
14:50	Butane	150	142	-5.3	Pass	
	Pentane	150	149	-0.7	Pass	
	Hexane	150	152	1.3	Pass	
	Heptane	150	149	-0.7	Pass	
14:41	Benzene	20	20.4	2.0	Pass	
	Toluene	20	19.3	-3.5	Pass	
	Xylenes	40	35.5	-11.3	Pass	
14:46	Ethylene	50	46.5	-7.0	Pass	
	Propylene	50	46.7	-6.6	Pass	
	1-Butene	50	45.8	-8.4	Pass	
	1-Pentene	50	47.9	-4.2	Pass	
	1-Hexene	50	46.2	-7.6	Pass	
	1,3-Butadiene	50	45.8	-8.4	Pass	

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

Instrument Calibration Check						
Date	Time	Calibration Gas Component	Calibration Value (ppb v)	Response (ppb v)	Difference (% of value)	Pass/Fail
5/21/2024 Dupont	8:51	Ethylene	50	51.7	3.4	Pass
		Propylene	50	53.3	6.6	Pass
		1-Butene	50	57.3	14.6	Pass
		1-Pentene	50	55.8	11.6	Pass
		1-Hexene	50	51.8	3.6	Pass
		1,3-Butadiene	50	53.1	6.2	Pass
	8:57	Benzene	100	105	5.0	Pass
		Toluene	100	105	5.0	Pass
		Xylenes	200	212	6.0	Pass
	8:58	Benzene	20	20.3	1.5	Pass
		Toluene	20	20.1	0.5	Pass
		Xylenes	40	41.1	2.8	Pass
	9:01	HCN	25	24.5	-2.0	Pass
	9:11	H <sub>2</sub> S	20	22.4	12.0	Pass
	9:14	Butane	150	145	-3.3	Pass
		Pentane	150	144	-4.0	Pass
		Hexane	150	138	-8.0	Pass
		Heptane	150	152	1.3	Pass
	14:41	HCN	25	24.8	-0.8	Pass
	14:48	H <sub>2</sub> S	20	21.6	8.0	Pass
15:05	Butane	150	141	-6.0	Pass	
	Pentane	150	142	-5.3	Pass	
	Hexane	150	140	-6.7	Pass	
	Heptane	150	147	-2.0	Pass	
14:57	Benzene	20	20	0.0	Pass	
	Toluene	20	19.7	-1.5	Pass	
	Xylenes	40	36.9	-7.8	Pass	
15:02	Ethylene	50	57	14.0	Pass	
	Propylene	50	53.1	6.2	Pass	
	1-Butene	50	49.6	-0.8	Pass	
	1-Pentene	50	52.5	5.0	Pass	
	1-Hexene	50	48.9	-2.2	Pass	
	1,3-Butadiene	50	53.5	7.0	Pass	

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

Instrument Calibration Check						
Date	Time	Calibration Gas Component	Calibration Value (ppb v)	Response (ppb v)	Difference (% of value)	Pass/Fail
5/22/2024 Western Hills Adams City	7:57	Ethylene	50	48.9	-2.2	Pass
		Propylene	50	54	8.0	Pass
		1-Butene	50	49.9	-0.2	Pass
		1-Pentene	50	56.6	13.2	Pass
		1-Hexene	50	47.7	-4.6	Pass
		1,3-Butadiene	50	51.5	3.0	Pass
	8:02	Benzene	100	106	6.0	Pass
		Toluene	100	104	4.0	Pass
		Xylenes	200	218	9.0	Pass
	8:09	Benzene	20	19.3	-3.5	Pass
		Toluene	20	19.1	-4.5	Pass
		Xylenes	40	36.7	-8.2	Pass
	8:14	HCN	25	25.4	1.6	Pass
	8:23	H <sub>2</sub> S	20	22.7	13.5	Pass
	8:25	Butane	150	143	-4.7	Pass
		Pentane	150	151	0.7	Pass
Hexane		150	140	-6.7	Pass	
Heptane		150	149	-0.7	Pass	
15:40	HCN	25	24.5	-2.0	Pass	
15:43	H <sub>2</sub> S	20	21	5.0	Pass	
16:02	Butane	150	144	-4.0	Pass	
	Pentane	150	143	-4.7	Pass	
	Hexane	150	154	2.7	Pass	
	Heptane	150	156	4.0	Pass	
15:58	Benzene	20	19.7	-1.5	Pass	
	Toluene	20	18.4	-8.0	Pass	
	Xylenes	40	36.3	-9.3	Pass	
15:50	Ethylene	50	48.1	-3.8	Pass	
	Propylene	50	53.6	7.2	Pass	
	1-Butene	50	47.7	-4.6	Pass	
	1-Pentene	50	52.9	5.8	Pass	
	1-Hexene	50	46.8	-6.4	Pass	
	1,3-Butadiene	50	49.7	-0.6	Pass	

CCND Mobile Monitoring Van  
2024 Q2

Instrument Calibration Check						
Date	Time	Calibration Gas Component	Calibration Value (ppb v)	Response (ppb v)	Difference (% of value)	Pass/Fail
5/23/2024 Globeville Swansea	8:17	Ethylene	50	47.6	-4.8	Pass
		Propylene	50	49.2	-1.6	Pass
		1-Butene	50	45	-10.0	Pass
		1-Pentene	50	50.4	0.8	Pass
		1-Hexene	50	44.7	-10.6	Pass
		1,3-Butadiene	50	45.8	-8.4	Pass
	8:20	Benzene	100	106	6.0	Pass
		Toluene	100	103	3.0	Pass
		Xylenes	200	224	12.0	Pass
	8:26	Benzene	20	19.9	-0.5	Pass
		Toluene	20	19.6	-2.0	Pass
		Xylenes	40	39.9	-0.3	Pass
	8:29	HCN	25	23.9	-4.4	Pass
	8:37	H <sub>2</sub> S	20	20.9	4.5	Pass
	8:40	Butane	150	152	1.3	Pass
		Pentane	150	141	-6.0	Pass
		Hexane	150	141	-6.0	Pass
		Heptane	150	162	8.0	Pass
	15:11	HCN	25	25.9	3.6	Pass
15:15	H <sub>2</sub> S	20	23.1	15.5	Pass	
15:27	Butane	150	139	-7.3	Pass	
	Pentane	150	139	-7.3	Pass	
	Hexane	150	140	-6.7	Pass	
	Heptane	150	156	4.0	Pass	
15:25	Benzene	20	21.6	8.0	Pass	
	Toluene	20	20.8	4.0	Pass	
	Xylenes	40	42	5.0	Pass	
15:20	Ethylene	50	49.6	-0.8	Pass	
	Propylene	50	50.8	1.6	Pass	
	1-Butene	50	48.1	-3.8	Pass	
	1-Pentene	50	47.4	-5.2	Pass	
	1-Hexene	50	44.1	-11.8	Pass	
	1,3-Butadiene	50	46.4	-7.2	Pass	

## **APPENDIX E CALIBRATION GAS CERTIFICATION SHEETS**

## CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

### Grade of Product: CERTIFIED STANDARD-SPEC

Customer: MONTROSE AIR QUALITY SERVICES LLC  
Part Number: X02NI99C15W0061  
Cylinder Number: CC519990  
Laboratory: 124 - La Porte Mix - TX  
Analysis Date: Dec 14, 2021  
Lot Number: 126-402278540-1

Reference Number: 126-402278540-1  
Cylinder Volume: 144.3 CF  
Cylinder Pressure: 2015 PSIG  
Valve Outlet: 330

Expiration Date: Dec 14, 2024

Product composition verified by direct comparison to calibration standards traceable to N.I.S.T. weights and/or N.I.S.T. Gas Mixture reference materials.

### ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Component	Req Conc	Actual Concentration (Mole %)	Analytical Uncertainty
HYDROGEN SULFIDE	1,000 PPM	1,084 PPM	+/-5%
NITROGEN	Balance		

Notes: MONTROSE AIR QUALITY SERVICES LLC  
PO3: PO018078



Signature on file  
Approved for Release



Airgas Specialty Gases  
Airgas USA, LLC  
616 Miller Cut Off Road  
La Porte, TX 77571  
Airgas.com

### CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

#### Grade of Product: CERTIFIED STANDARD-SPEC

Customer: \*CRYSTAL LAKE , IL\* MONTROSE AIR QUALITY SERVICES  
Part X06NI99C15A00A3  
Number:  
Cylinder CC344804  
Number:  
Laboratory: 124 - La Porte Mix - TX  
Analysis Jul 30, 2021  
Date:  
Lot Number: 126-402159020-1

Reference Number: 126-402159020-1  
Cylinder Volume: 144.3 CF  
Cylinder Pressure: 2015 PSIG  
Valve Outlet: 350

Expiration Date: Jul 30, 2024

Product composition verified by direct comparison to calibration standards traceable to N.I.S.T. weights and/or N.I.S.T. Gas Mixture reference materials.

#### ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Component	Req Conc	Actual Concentration (Mole %)	Analytical Uncertainty
HEXANE	1.000 PPM	0.9950 PPM	+/- 5%
N BUTANE	1.000 PPM	1.002 PPM	+/- 5%
N HEPTANE	1.000 PPM	1.000 PPM	+/- 5%
N PENTANE	1.000 PPM	1.000 PPM	+/- 5%
PROPANE	1.000 PPM	1.009 PPM	+/- 5%
NITROGEN	Balance		

Notes:

PO # PO-011307



  
Approved for Release



Airgas Specialty Gases  
Airgas USA LLC  
6141 Easton Road  
Plumsteadville, PA 18949  
Airgas.com

### CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

#### Grade of Product: CERTIFIED STANDARD-SPEC

Part Number:	X02NI99C15A0A19	Reference Number:	SG02-IC000027612-1
Cylinder Number:	CC524330	Cylinder Volume:	142.0 CF
Laboratory:	124 - Plumsteadville - PA	Cylinder Pressure:	2015 PSIG
Analysis Date:	Aug 10, 2023	Valve Outlet:	350SS
Lot Number:	SG02-IC000027612-1		

Product composition verified by direct comparison to calibration standards traceable to N.I.S.T. weights and/or N.I.S.T. Gas Mixture reference materials.

#### ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Component	Req Conc	Actual Concentration (Mole %)	Analytical Uncertainty
HYDROGEN CYANIDE	1.000 PPM	0.9980 PPM	+/-5%
NITROGEN	Balance		

Permanent Notes: -NA-

Notes: Analysis Date 8/7/2023  
Expiration Date 8/7/2024  
Blend Tolerance +/-20%  
Analytical Tolerance +/-5%



  
Approved for Release





Airgas Specialty Gases  
Airgas USA LLC  
616 Miller Cut Off Road  
La Porte, TX 77571  
Airgas.com

**CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**  
**Grade of Product: CERTIFIED STANDARD-SPEC**

Customer: MONTROSE AIR QUALITY SERVICES LLC - HENDERSON  
, CO  
Part X07NI99C15A00A9 Reference Number: 126-402805383-1A  
Number: Cylinder Volume: 144.0 CF  
Cylinder EB0157463  
Number: Cylinder Pressure: 2015 PSIG  
Laboratory: 124 - La Porte Mix - TX Valve Outlet: 350  
Analysis Aug 25, 2023  
Date:  
Lot Number: 126-402805383-1A  
Expiration Date: Aug 25, 2024

Product composition verified by direct comparison to calibration standards traceable to N.I.S.T. weights and/or N.I.S.T. Gas Mixture reference materials.

**ANALYTICAL RESULTS**

Component	Req Conc	Actual Concentration (Mole %)	Analytical Uncertainty
1 BUTENE	1.000 PPM	1.104 PPM	+/- 10%
1 HEXENE	1.000 PPM	1.123 PPM	+/- 10%
1 PENTENE	1.000 PPM	1.119 PPM	+/- 10%
1,3 BUTADIENE	1.000 PPM	1.000 PPM	+/- 10%
ETHYLENE	1.000 PPM	1.172 PPM	+/- 10%
PROPYLENE	1.000 PPM	1.153 PPM	+/- 10%
NITROGEN	Balance		

Notes: MONTROSE AIR QUALITY SERVICES LLC  
PO#: PO-049252



  
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